





ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

In accordance with ISO 14025 for

Granirapid (grey & white) **Elastorapid** (grey & white) **Kerabond** (grey & white) Isolastic









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1. COMPANY DESCRIPTION / GOAL & SCOPE

Founded in 1937 in Milan, Italy, Mapei produces adhesives and complementary products for laying all types of floor, wall and coating materials, and also specializes in other chemical products used in the building industry, such as waterproofing products, specialty mortars, admixtures for concrete, cement additives, products for underground constructions and for the restoration of concrete and historical buildings.

There are currently 89 subsidiaries in the Mapei Group, with a total of 83 production facilities located around the world in 36 different countries and in 5 different continents. Mapei also has 31 central laboratories. Most locations are ISO 9001 and ISO 14001 or EMAS-certified.

Mapei's strategy of internationalization is based on two main objectives: being closer to local needs and lowering transportation costs. With the declared objective of being close to buyers and clients, Mapei's presence in the five continents enables the company to comply with the requirements of each location, and to use only locally-based managers and qualified personnel, without changing the approach of Mapei.

Mapei invests 12% in its company's total work-force and 5% of its turnover in Research & Development; in particular, 70% of its R&D efforts are directed to develop eco-sustainable and environmentally friendly products, which give important contribution to all major green rating systems for eco-sustainable buildings such as LEED and BREEAM.

Furthermore, Mapei has developed a sales and technical service network with offices all over the world and offers an efficient Technical Assistance Service that is valued by architects, engineers, contractors and owners.

Mapei Italian plants are located in Robbiano di Mediglia, Latina and Sassuolo.

The goal of the study is to provide necessary data and documentation to produce an EPD according to the requirements of PCR Environdec (version 2.31, 2019-12-20) under EN 15804:2014 and to have more comprehension about the environmental impacts related to **Elastorapid (powder + latex)**, **Granirapid (powder + latex)**, **Kerabond (powder)** and **Isolastic** manufactured in Mapei S.p.A. located in Robbiano di Mediglia (MI-Italy), Latina (LT-Italy) and Sassuolo (MO-Italy), in year 2018, including packaging of the finished products (both powder and latex).

Target audiences of the study are customers and other parties with an interest in the environmental impacts of **Granirapid (A+B)**, **Elastorapid (A+B)**, **Kerabond (A)** and **Isolastic**.

This analysis shall not support comparative assertions intended to be disclosed to the public.







Granirapid (A+B) is an improved (2), fast-setting (F) cementitious (C), deformable (S1) adhesive classified as C2F S1. It's used for bonding all kinds of interior and exterior ceramic tiles: conglomerates, artificial and natural stones, marble on both walls and floors. The product has very low emission of volatile organic compounds.

Elastorapid (A+B) is a highly deformable (S2), improved (2), fast-setting (F) cementitious (C) adhesive, slip resistant (T) and with extended open time (E), classified as C2FTE S2. It's used for bonding all kinds of interior and exterior ceramic tiles (single-fire, double-fire, porcelain, clinker, ...), natural stones and artificial materials slightly sensitive to humidity.

Kerabond is a normal (1) cementitious adhesive (C) classified as C1. Mixing Kerabond with Isolastic in place of water, improves the characteristics to meet the requirement of class C2E S2. It's used for interior and exterior bonding all kinds of ceramic tiles. **The product contains 2,5% of recycled material.**

Isolastic is a latex additive which gives elasticity to cement based adhesives. Isolastic can be mixed with Kerabond undiluted or diluted 1:1 with water in order to the meet the requirements defined in EN 12004.

Product	Classification according to EN 12004	Description
Keradond + Isolastic	C2ES2	High performance, highly deformable cementitious adhesive with extended open time
Kerabond + Isolastic diluited 1:1 with water	C2ES1	High performance, deformable cementitious adhesive with extended open time

All products are compliant with EN 12004 (Adhesives for tiles. Requirements, evaluation of conformity, classification and designation) and ISO 13007-1 (Ceramic tiles -- Grouts and adhesives -- Part 1: Terms, definitions and specifications for adhesives: definitions and characteristics).









Granirapid (grey & white)
Elastorapid (grey & white)
Kerabond (grey & white)
Isolastic







Products are supplied as follows:

- **Granirapid** (kit A+B): 25 kg (grey version), 22,5 kg (white version) multiplybags for powder and HDPE tank with 5,5 kg for latex
- **Elastorapid** (kit A+B): 25 kg multiplybags for powder and HDPE tank with 6,25 kg for latex
- · **Kerabond**: 25 kg multiplybags
- · Isolastic: HDPE tank with 25 kg or 5 kg

3. CONTENT DECLARATION

The main components and ancillary materials of **Granirapid** (grey & white), **Elastorapid** (grey & white), **Kerabond** (grey & white) and **Isolastic**, are the following:

Table 1a: Composition of powders

Materials

Percentage (%)

Binders

20 - 40

Fillers

50 - 70

Recycled material

Other (additives & packaging)

< 5

Table 1b:	Composition	of latexes
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Materials	Percentage (%)
Polymers and additives	< 40
Water	< 60

The products contain neither carcinogenic substances nor substances of very high concern (SVHC) on the REACH Candidate List published by the European Chemicals Agency, in a concentration higher than 0,1 % (by unit weight).





4. DECLARED UNIT AND REFERENCE SERVICE LIFE

The declared unit is 1 kg of product (powder or latex + packaging), as follows:

- · Granirapid (grey): 1 kg powder + 220 g latex + packaging
- Granirapid (white): 1 kg powder + 240 g latex + packaging
- Elastorapid (grey&white): 1 kg powder + 250 g latex + packaging
- Kerabond (grey&white): 1 kg powder + packaging
- · Isolastic: 1 kg latex + packaging

Packaging materials (both powder and latex) include:

- · Wooden pallet
- Multiply bag: paper/PE/paper (used for powders)
- HDPE + PP (used for latex)
- · LDPE used as wrapping material

The reference service life of the adhesives, if professionally installed and properly used, is estimated to be the same as the building one.

Figure 1: Production process detail









Granifabla (grey & white)
Elastorapid (grey & white)
Kerabond (grey & white)
Isolastic







5. SYSTEM BOUNDARIES AND ADDITIONAL **TECHNICAL INFORMATION**

The approach is "cradle to gate" with options. The following modules have been considered:

- · A1-A3 (production stage): extraction and transport of raw materials, packaging included, production process
- · A4 (Construction process stage): transport of the finished product to final customers

System Boundaries A1 - A3 A4 - A5 B1 - B7 C1 - C4 CONSTRUCTION **PRODUCT END OF LIFE** USE STAGE PROCESS STAGE STAGE STAGE A1 A2 A3 A4 A5 B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 CI C2 **C3** C4 D Deconstruction/ Demolition Refurbishment Manufacturing Maintenance Replacement Waste Processing Transport Repair Reuse-Recovery-Recycling-potential Use **B6** Operational Energy Operational Water Use **B7** included excluded

Table 2: System boundaries

A brief description of the production process is the following:

The production process starts from raw materials, which are purchased from external and intercompany suppliers and stored in the plant. Bulk raw materials are stored in specific silos and added automatically in the production mixer, according to the formula of the product. Other raw materials, supplied in bags, big bags or tanks, are stored in the warehouse and added automatically or manually in the mixer. During the production of the powder, all the components are mechanically mixed in batches. Raw materials of the latexes are mixed, properly diluted and packed into drums. The semi-finished product is then packaged, put on wooden pallets, covered by stretched hoods and stored in the finished products warehouse. The quality of final product is controlled before the sale.





Table 3: Transport to the building site (A4)

Name	Value	Unit
Means of transport : truck euro 3 with 27 tons of payload	& Ocean ship wi	th 27500 DWT
Litres of fuel (truck)	~ 2E-03	I/DU*100km
Litres of fuel (ship)	~ 4E-04	l/DU*100km
Transport distance (weighted average)	~ 400	km
Capacity utilisation (including empty runs)	85	%
Gross density of powder products transported	~ 1400	kg/m³
Gross density of liquid products transported	~ 1000	kg/m³
Capacity utilisation volume factor	100	%
DU: declared unit		

Granifapid (grey & white)
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6. CUT-OFF RULES AND ALLOCATION

Criteria for the exclusion of inputs and outputs (cut-off rules) in the LCA, information modules and any additional information are intended to support an efficient calculation procedure. They are not applied in order to hide data.

The procedure of exclusion of inputs and outputs is the following:

- All inputs and outputs to a unit process, for which data are available, are included in the calculation
- · Cut-off criteria, where applied, are described in Table 4.

Input flows are covered for the whole formula.

Table 4: Cut-off criteria			
Process excluded from study	Cut-off criteria	Quantified contribution from process	
A3: production (auxiliary materials)	less than 10 ⁻⁵ kg/kg of finished product	Sensibility study demonstrates a contribute lower than 0,5%	
A3: waste and particle emission	less than 10 ⁻⁵ kg/kg of finished product	Sensibility study demonstrates a contribute lower than 0,5%	

For the allocation procedure and principles, consider the following table:

Table 5: Allocation procedure and principles

Module	Allocation Principle
Al	All data are referred to 1 kg of powder product Al: electricity is allocated to the whole plant production
А3	All data are referred to 1 kg of powder packaged product A3-wastes: all data are allocated to the whole plant production





GWP₁₀₀

Global Warming Potential refers to the emission/presence of GHGs (greenhouse gases) in the atmosphere (mainly CO_2 , N_2O , CH_4) which contribute to the increase in the temperature of the planet.



AP

Acidification Potential refers to the emission of specific acidifying substances (i.e. NOx, SOx) in the air. These substances decrease the pH of the rainfall with predictable damages to the ecosystem.



EP

Eutrophication Potential refers to the nutrient enrichment of flowing water, which determines unbalance in aquatic ecosystems and causes the death of the aquatic fauna.



ODP

Ozone Depletion Potential refers to the degradation of the stratospheric layer of the ozone involved in blocking the UV component of sunrays. Depletion is due to particularly reactive components that originate from chlorofluorocarbon (CFC) or chlorofluoromethanes (CFM).



POCP

The Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential is the ozone formation in low atmosphere. This is quite common in the cities where a great amount of pollutants (like VOC and NOx) are emitted every day (industrial emissions and vehicles). It is mainly diffused during the summertime.

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ADP (elements)

Abiotic Depletion Potential elements refers to the depletion of the mineral resources.



ADP, (fossil fuel)

Abiotic Depletion Potential fossil fuel refers to the depletion of the fossil fuel resources.







Following tables show environmental impacts for the products considered according to CML methodology (CML2001 – Jan. 2016, version 4.7). All the results are referred to the declared unit (see § 4).

Granirapid (grey)

1 kg powder + 220 g latex + packaging

Table 6: **Granirapid** (grey) Environmental categories referred to the declared unit

Environme	ntal Category	Unit	A1 – A3	A4
	GWP ₁₀₀	(kg CO₂ eq.)	9,46E-01	3,76E-02
Â	ADPe (element)	(kg Sb eq.)	6,64E-03	3,11E-09
	ADPf (fossil)	(MJ)	2,29E+01	5,11E-01
(a, v), o	АР	(kg SO ₂ eq.)	4,15E-03	2,23E-04
10°76	EP	(kg (PO ₄) ³⁻ eq.)	2,69E-04	5,74E-05
	ODP	(kg R-11 eq.)	1,66E-09	1,03E-15
	POCP	(kg ethylene eq.)	3,72E-04	-1,00E-04

GWP₁₀₀; Global Warming Potential; **ADPe**: Abiotic Depletion Potential (elements); **EP**: Eutrophication Potential; **AP**: Acidification Potential; **POCP**: Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential; **ODP**: Ozone Depletion Potential; **ADPf**: Abiotic Depletion Potential (fossil)





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Table 7: **Granirapid** (grey): other environmental indicators referred to the declared unit

Environmental Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4
RPEE	МЈ	9,00E-01	2,83E-02
RPEM	MJ	-	-
TPE	МЈ	9,00E-01	2,83E-02
NRPE	МЈ	2,36E+01	5,13E-01
NRPM	MJ	-	-
TRPE	МЈ	2,36E+01	5,13E-01
SM	kg	-	-
RSF	MJ	-	-
NRSF	MJ	-	-
W	m^3	5,19E-03	6,43E-04

Table 8: **Granirapid** (grey): waste production & other output flows referred to the declared unit

Output flow	Unit	A1-A3	A4	
NHW	kg	1,95E-03	-	
HW	kg	1,06E-03	-	
RW	kg	0,00E+00	-	
Components for re-use	kg	-	-	
Materials for recycling	kg	2,56E-03	-	
Materials for energy recovery	kg	-	-	
Exported energy	МЈ	-	-	
HW Hazardous waste disposed; NHW Non Hazardous waste disposed; RW Radioactive waste disposed				

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Granirapid (white)

1 kg powder + 240 g latex + packaging

Table 9: **Granirapid** (white) Environmental categories referred to the declared unit

Environme	ntal Category	Unit	A1 – A3	A4
	GWP ₁₀₀	(kg CO₂ eq.)	1,09E+00	3,83E-02
Â	ADPe (element)	(kg Sb eq.)	6,64E-03	3,17E-09
	ADPf (fossil)	(MJ)	2,20E+01	5,20E-01
(0,10),	АР	(kg SO ₂ eq.)	5,99E-03	2,27E-04
10°75°	EP	(kg (PO ₄) ³⁻ eq.)	3,88E-04	5,84E-05
	ODP	(kg R-11 eq.)	1,10E-07	1,04E-15
	POCP	(kg ethylene eq.)	5,51E-04	-1,02E-04

GWP₁₀₀; Global Warming Potential; **ADPe**: Abiotic Depletion Potential (elements); **EP**: Eutrophication Potential; **AP**: Acidification Potential; **POCP**: Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential; **ODP**: Ozone Depletion Potential; **ADPf**: Abiotic Depletion Potential (fossil)





Table 10: **Granirapid** (white): other environmental indicators referred to the declared unit

Environmental Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4
RPEE	MJ	4,35E+00	2,88E-02
RPEM	MJ	-	-
TPE	MJ	4,35E+00	2,88E-02
NRPE	MJ	2,27E+01	5,21E-01
NRPM	MJ	-	-
TRPE	MJ	2,27E+01	5,21E-01
SM	kg	-	-
RSF	MJ	-	-
NRSF	MJ	-	-
W	m³	5,60E-03	6,54E-04

 $\textit{Table 11: \textbf{Granirapid}} \ (\textit{white}) : \textit{waste production \& other output flows referred to the declared unit}$

Output flow	Unit	A1-A3	A4	
NHW	kg	1,99E-03	-	
HW	kg	1,08E-03	-	
RW	kg	0,00E+00	-	
Components for re-use	kg	-	-	
Materials for recycling	kg	2,61E-03	-	
Materials for energy recovery	kg	-	-	
Exported energy	МЈ	-	-	
HW Hazardous waste disposed; NHW Non Hazardous waste disposed; RW Radioactive waste disposed				

Granirapid (grey & white)
Elastorapid (grey & white)
Kerabond (grey & white)
Isolastic







Elastorapid (grey)

1 kg powder + 250 g latex + packaging

Table 12: **Elastorapid** (grey) Environmental categories referred to the declared unit (1 kg powder + 250 g latex + packaging)

Unit	A1 – A3	A4
(kg CO₂ eq.)	1,39E+00	3,86E-02
(kg Sb eq.)	1,02E-02	3,19E-09
(MJ)	3,04E+01	5,24E-01
(kg SO ₂ eq.)	6,90E-03	2,29E-04
(kg (PO ₄) ³⁻ eq.)	3,99E-04	5,89E-05
(kg R-11 eq.)	1,59E-07	1,05E-15
(kg ethylene eq.)	6,06E-04	-1,03E-04
	(kg CO ₂ eq.) (kg Sb eq.) (MJ) (kg SO ₂ eq.) (kg (PO ₄) ³ -eq.) (kg R-11 eq.)	(kg CO₂ eq.) 1,39E+00 (kg Sb eq.) 1,02E-02 (MJ) 3,04E+01 (kg SO₂ eq.) 6,90E-03 (kg (PO₄)³-eq.) 3,99E-04 (kg R-11 eq.) 1,59E-07

GWP₁₀₀; Global Warming Potential; ADPe: Abiotic Depletion Potential (elements); EP: Eutrophication Potential; AP: Acidification Potential; POCP: Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential; ODP: Ozone Depletion Potential; ADPf: Abiotic Depletion Potential (fossil)





Table 13: **Elastorapid** (grey): other environmental indicators referred to the declared unit

Environmental Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4
RPEE	MJ	9,66E-01	2,90E-02
RPEM	MJ	-	-
TPE	МЈ	9,66E-01	2,90E-02
NRPE	MJ	3,10E+01	5,26E-01
NRPM	MJ	-	-
TRPE	MJ	3,10E+01	5,26E-01
SM	kg	-	-
RSF	MJ	-	-
NRSF	MJ	-	-
W	m^3	5,79E-03	6,60E-04

Table 14: **Elastorapid** (grey): waste production & other output flows referred to the declared unit

Output flow	Unit	A1-A3	A4	
NHW	kg	2,00E-03	-	
HW	kg	1,09E-03	-	
RW	kg	0,00E+00	-	
Components for re-use	kg	-	-	
Materials for recycling	kg	2,63E-03	-	
Materials for energy recovery	kg	-	-	
Exported energy	MJ	_	-	
HW Hazardous waste disposed; NHW Non Hazardous waste disposed; RW Radioactive waste disposed				





Elastorapid (white)

1 kg powder + 250 g latex + packaging

Table 15: **Elastorapid** (white) Environmental categories referred to the declared unit

Environme	ntal Category	Unit	A1 – A3	A4
	GWP ₁₀₀	(kg CO₂ eq.)	1,56E+00	1,27E-02
Â	ADPe (element)	(kg Sb eq.)	1,02E-02	1,03E-09
	ADPf (fossil)	(MJ)	2,93E+01	1,71E-01
(a, v), a	АР	(kg SO ₂ eq.)	8,98E-03	7,87E-05
10°71°	EP	(kg (PO ₄) ³⁻ eq.)	5,38E-04	1,90E-05
	ODP	(kg R-11 eq.)	2,80E-07	3,43E-16
	POCP	(kg ethylene eq.)	8,08E-04	-3,08E-05

GWP₁₀₀; Global Warming Potential; **ADPe**: Abiotic Depletion Potential (elements); **EP**: Eutrophication Potential; **AP**: Acidification Potential; **POCP**: Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential; **ODP**: Ozone Depletion Potential; **ADPf**: Abiotic Depletion Potential (fossil)





Table 16: **Elastorapid** (white): other environmental indicators referred to the declared unit

Environmental Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4
RPEE	MJ	4,88E+00	9,32E-03
RPEM	MJ	-	-
TPE	МЈ	4,88E+00	9,32E-03
NRPE	MJ	3,00E+01	1,72E-01
NRPM	MJ	-	-
TRPE	МЈ	3,00E+01	1,72E-01
SM	kg	-	-
RSF	МЈ	-	-
NRSF	MJ	-	-
W	m³	7,33E-03	2,12E-04

Table 17: Elastorapid (white): waste production & other output flows referred to the declared unit

Output flow	Unit	A1-A3	A4		
NHW	kg	2,16E-04	-		
HW	kg	1,15E-05	-		
RW	kg	0,00E+00	-		
Components for re-use	kg	-	-		
Materials for recycling	kg	2,63E-03	-		
Materials for energy recovery	kg	-	-		
Exported energy	МЈ	-	-		
HW Hazardous waste disposed; NHW Non Hazardous waste disposed; RW Radioactive waste disposed					







Kerabond (grey)

1 kg powder + packaging

Table 18: **Kerabond** (grey): Environmental categories referred to the declared unit unit (1 kg powder + packaging)

Unit	A1 – A3	A4
(kg CO₂ eq.)	3,34E-01	2,04E-02
(kg Sb eq.)	8,90E-08	1,68E-09
(MJ)	2,67E+00	2,77E-01
(kg SO ₂ eq.)	2,32E-04	1,22E-04
(kg (PO ₄)³-eq.)	1,23E-04	3,10E-05
(kg R-11 eq.)	1,51E-08	5,56E-16
(kg ethylene eq.)	1,49E-04	-5,33E-05
	(kg CO ₂ eq.) (kg Sb eq.) (MJ) (kg SO ₂ eq.) (kg (PO ₄) ³⁻ eq.) (kg R-11 eq.)	(kg CO ₂ eq.) 3,34E-01 (kg Sb eq.) 8,90E-08 (MJ) 2,67E+00 (kg SO ₂ eq.) 2,32E-04 (kg (PO ₄) ³ -eq.) 1,23E-04

 \mathbf{GWP}_{100} : Global Warming Potential; \mathbf{ADPe} : Abiotic Depletion Potential (elements); \mathbf{EP} : Eutrophication Potential; \mathbf{AP} : Acidification Potential; \mathbf{POCP} : Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential; \mathbf{ODP} : Ozone Depletion Potential; \mathbf{ADPf} : Abiotic Depletion Potential (fossil)





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 $\textit{Table 19:} \textbf{\textit{Kerabond}} \textit{ (grey): other environmental indicators referred to the declared unit}$

Environmental Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4
RPEE	MJ	5,06E-01	1,53E-02
RPEM	MJ	-	-
TPE	MJ	5,06E-01	1,53E-02
NRPE	MJ	2,72E+00	2,78E-01
NRPM	MJ	-	-
TRPE	MJ	2,72E+00	2,78E-01
SM	kg	2,50E-02	-
RSF	МЈ	-	-
NRSF	MJ	-	-
W	m³	1,44E-03	3,47E-04

Table 20: **Kerabond** (grey): waste production & other output flows referred to the declared unit

Output flow	Unit	A1-A3	A4	
NHW	kg	2,16E-04	-	
HW	kg	1,11E-04	-	
RW	kg	0,00E+00	-	
Components for re-use	kg	-	-	
Materials for recycling	kg	2,09E-03	-	
Materials for energy recovery	kg	-	-	
Exported energy	MJ	-	-	
HW Hazardous waste disposed; NHW Non Hazardous waste disposed; RW Radioactive waste disposed				



Kerabond (white)

1 kg powder + packaging

Table 21: **Kerabond** (white): Environmental categories referred to the declared unit

Environme	ntal Category	Unit	A1 – A3	A4
	GWP ₁₀₀	(kg CO₂ eq.)	3,67E-01	2,08E-02
Â	ADPe (element)	(kg Sb eq.)	9,51E-08	1,72E-09
	ADPf (fossil)	(MJ)	1,67E+00	2,83E-01
(0,1,0), (0,1)	АР	(kg SO ₂ eq.)	3,38E-04	1,25E-04
Distriction of the second of t	EP	(kg (PO ₄) ³⁻ eq.)	2,11E-04	3,16E-05
	ODP	(kg R-11 eq.)	6,89E-09	5,68E-16
	POCP	(kg ethylene eq.)	1,68E-05	-5,46E-05

GWP₁₀₀; Global Warming Potential; **ADPe**: Abiotic Depletion Potential (elements); **EP**: Eutrophication Potential; **AP**: Acidification Potential; **POCP**: Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential; **ODP**: Ozone Depletion Potential; **ADPf**: Abiotic Depletion Potential (fossil)





Table 22: **Kerabond** (white): other environmental indicators referred to the declared unit

Environmental Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4
RPEE	MJ	5,93E-01	1,56E-02
RPEM	MJ	-	-
TPE	MJ	5,93E-01	1,56E-02
NRPE	MJ	1,73E+00	2,84E-01
NRPM	MJ	-	-
TRPE	MJ	1,73E+00	2,84E-01
SM	kg	-	-
RSF	MJ	-	-
NRSF	MJ	-	-
W	m^3	1,21E-03	3,55E-04

Table 23: **Kerabond** (white): waste production & other output flows referred to the declared unit

Output flow	Unit	A1-A3	A4	
NHW	kg	2,91E-04	-	
HW	kg	1,51E-04	-	
RW	kg	0,00E+00	-	
Components for re-use	kg	-	-	
Materials for recycling	kg	2,09E-03	-	
Materials for energy recovery	kg	-	-	
Exported energy	МЈ	-	-	
HW Hazardous waste disposed; NHW Non Hazardous waste disposed; RW Radioactive waste disposed				



Isolastic

1 kg latex + packaging

Table 24: **Isolastic**: Environmental categories referred to the declared unit

Environme	ntal Category	Unit	A1 – A3	A4
	GWP ₁₀₀	(kg CO₂ eq.)	1,24E+00	3,18E-02
Â	ADPe (element)	(kg Sb eq.)	1,16E-02	2,63E-09
	ADPf (fossil)	(MJ)	3,11E+01	4,32E-01
(0,10)	АР	(kg SO ₂ eq.)	6,19E-03	1,89E-04
10°57°	EP	(kg (PO ₄) ³⁻ eq.)	3,36E-04	4,86E-05
	ODP	(kg R-11 eq.)	1,79E-07	8,68E-16
	POCP	(kg ethylene eq.)	5,94E-04	-8,49E-05

 $\mathbf{GWP}_{\mathbf{100}}$: Global Warming Potential; \mathbf{ADPe} : Abiotic Depletion Potential (elements); \mathbf{EP} : Eutrophication Potential; \mathbf{APP} : Acidification Potential; \mathbf{POCP} : Photochemical Ozone Creation Potential; \mathbf{ODP} : Ozone Depletion Potential; \mathbf{ADPf} : Abiotic Depletion Potential (fossil)





lastorapid (grey & white)

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solastic

Table 25: **Isolastic**: other environmental indicators referred to the declared unit

Environmental Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	A4
RPEE	MJ	4,67E-01	2,39E-02
RPEM	МЈ	-	-
TPE	MJ	4,67E-01	2,39E-02
NRPE	MJ	3,16E+01	4,34E-01
NRPM	МЈ	-	-
TRPE	MJ	3,16E+01	4,34E-01
SM	kg	-	-
RSF	MJ	-	-
NRSF	MJ	-	-
W	m³	2,08E-03	5,44E-04

Table 26: **Isolastic**: waste production & other output flows referred to the declared unit

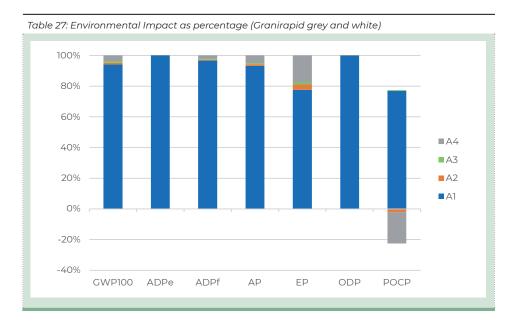
Output flow	Unit	A1-A3	A4
NHW	kg	5,32E-03	-
HW	kg	0,00E+00	-
RW	kg	0,00E+00	-
Components for re-use	kg	-	-
Materials for recycling	kg	2,18E-03	-
Materials for energy recovery	kg	-	-
Exported energy	MJ	-	-
HW Hazardous waste disposed; NHW Non Hazardous waste disposed; RW Radioactive waste disposed			



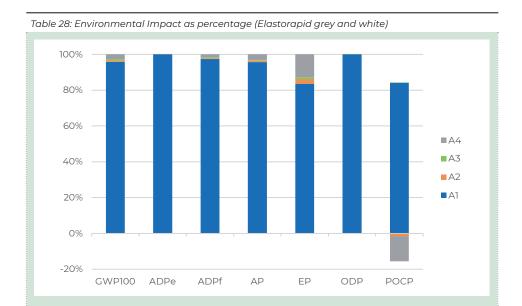
Tables above show absolute results for the considered environmental impact category. They clearly indicate that for all products module Al gives the highest contribution for each of them, up to 99% of the total impact in the whole system boundary. In particular hydraulic binders and organic polymers, which are some of the main components in the formulations, carry a significant impact for all environmental categories. Latexes increase relative contributes of Al modules, due to polymers emission factors.

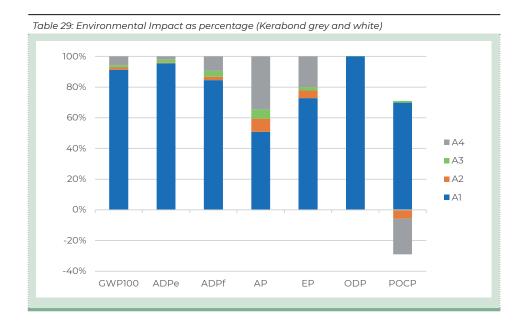
Modules A2 and A4 (transport of raw materials and transport of finished product) give negative contributions to POCP due to NO and NO_2 emission factors (for more details, see the methodology used: *HBEFA -Handbook Emission Factors for Road Transport*).

The specific amount of **recycled material** in **Kerabond** is shown in Table 19 as **SM** (Secondary Material) indicator.



anirabia (grey & white) Istorabia (grey & white) rabona (grey & white)







More details about electrical mixes used in this EPD are shown below:

	Data source	Amount	Unit
Electricity grid mix (IT) – 2014	GaBi database	0,4020	kg CO ₂ -eqv/kWh
Electricity from photovoltaic (IT) – 2014	GaBi database	0,0641	kg CO ₂ -eqv/kWh

8. DATA QUALITY

Table 30: Data quality					
Dataset & Geographical reference	Database (source)	Temporary reference			
Al;	A1; A3				
Inorganic Binders (DE)	GaBi Database ecoinvent 3.4 EPD S-P-00880	2015 – 2018			
Organic Binders (DE)	GaBi Database	2012			
Fillers (EU)	GaBi Database	2017			
Additives (EU)	GaBi Database	2012 – 2017			
Polymer Dispersions (EU)	EcoProfile EPDLA	2015			
Recycled Material (DE)	GaBi Database	2017			
Electricity grid mix (IT)	GaBi Database	2014			
Electricity from photovoltaic (IT)	GaBi Database	2014			
Packaging components (EU)	GaBi Database, PlasticsEurope	2005 – 2017			
A2; A4					
Truck transport (euro 3, 27t payload – GLO)	GaBi Database	2017			
Oceanic ship (27500 DWT)	GaBi Database	2017			
Light Train (Gross Ton Weight 500 Tons - GLO)	GaBi Database	2017			
Electricity mix (EU)	GaBi Database	2014			
Diesel for transport (EU)	GaBi Database	2014			
Heavy Fuel Oil (EU)	GaBi Database	2014			



Primary data concern the year 2018 and represent the whole annual production.

9. REQUISITE EVIDENCE

9.1 VOC emissions

Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) special tests and evidence have been carried out on Granirapid and Kerabond, according to ISO 16000 parts 3, 6, 9 and 11 and EN 16516.

Granirapid and Kerabond have been evaluated in emission chambers, in order to detect their VOC emissions after 3 and 28 days storage in the ventilated chambers, according to GEV (Gemeinschaft Emissionskontrollierte Verlegewerkstoffe, Klebstoffe und Bauprodukte e.V.) test method.

Granirapid meets the requirements for the emission class Emicode EC1PLUS, as "very low VOC emission", license number 3638 released by GEV.

Kerabond meets the requirements for the emission class Emicode EC1PLUS, as "very low VOC emission", license number 3168 released by GEV.

Isolastic meets the requirements for the emission class Emicode ECIPLUS, as "very low VOC emission", license number 10691 released by GEV.

Next table describes the limits for the Emicode EC1PLUS class:

Table	30:	EC1 ^{PLUS}	VOC	limits

Table 30. Ect. VOC IIITIIIS			
	3 days µg/m³	28 days µg/m³	
TVOC (C6-C16)	≤ 750 µg/m³	≤ 60 µg/m³	
TSVOC (C16-C22)		≤ 40 µg/m3	
C1A-C1B substances	Total ≤ 10 µg/m³	Single substance ≤ 1 µg/m³	
Formaldehyde/acetaldehyde	≤ 50 µg/m³		
Sum of formaldehyde/ acetaldehyde	≤ 50 ppb		
sum of non-assessable VOCs		≤ 40	
R value		_]	







9.2 Recycled content

Kerabond contains 2,5% of recycled material.

10. SIGNIFICANT CHANGES FROM THE PREVIOUS VERSION

In this revision new primary data referred to the reference year 2018 have been adopted. The new version of PCR 2.31 has been considered. Materials for recycling indicator has been assessed and Requisite Evidence section has been updated.

11. VERIFICATION AND REGISTRATION

EPD of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804.

Environmental product declarations within the same product category from different programs may not be comparable.

EPD of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804.

Environmental product declarations within the same product category from different programs may not be comparable.

CEN standard EN15804 served as the core PCR			
PCR 2012:01 Construction products and Construction services, Version 2.31, 2019-12-20			
The Technical Committee of the International EPD® System. Chair: Filippo Sessa Contact via info@environdec.com			
☑ EPD Process Certification (Internal)			
☐ EPD Verification (external)			
Certiquality S.r.l. Number of accreditation: 003H rev15			
Accredia			
⊠ Yes			





12. REFERENCES

- EN 12004 ADHESIVES FOR TILES. REQUIREMENTS, EVALUATION OF CONFORMITY, CLASSIFICATION AND DESIGNATION
- EN 15804:2014 SUSTAINABILITY OF CONSTRUCTION WORKS -ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATIONS - CORE RULES FOR THE PRODUCT CATEGORY OF CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS
- GENERAL PROGRAMME INSTRUCTIONS OF THE INTERNATIONAL EPD® SYSTEM. VERSION 3.0
- HBEFA: HANDBOOK EMISSION FACTORS FOR ROAD TRANSPORT
- ISO 13007-1 CERAMIC TILES -- GROUTS AND ADHESIVES -- PART
 1: TERMS, DEFINITIONS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR ADHESIVES:
 DEFINITIONS AND CHARACTERISTICS
- ISO 14025 ENVIRONMENTAL LABELS AND DECLARATIONS -TYPE III ENVIRONMENTAL DECLARATIONS - PRINCIPLES AND PROCEDURES
- ISO 14044 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT -- LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENT -- REQUIREMENTS AND GUIDELINES
- PCR 2012:01; "PRODUCT GROUP CLASSIFICATION: MULTIPLE UN CPC CODES CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS AND CONSTRUCTION SERVICES"; VERSION 2.31

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