



# **ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION**

IN ACCORDANCE WITH ISO 14025:2006 AND EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/AC:2021

**DEBOVIX 5000 ANT/F C195 FC ZVB LARSEN** from **SOPREMA-LARSEN** 

Specific EPD

Programme: The international EPD® system, www.environdec.com

Programme operator: EPD International AB EPD registration number: EPD-IES-0015683

Publication date: 2024-07-19

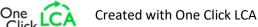
Valid until: 2029-07-18

Geographical scope: Europe

An EPD should provide current information and may be updated if conditions change. The stated validity is therefore subject to the continued registration and publication at www.environdec.com.









# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

#### **MANUFACTURER INFORMATION**

Manufacturer	SOPREMA-LARSEN
Address	Bouwelven 5, 2280 Grobbendonk
Contact details	info@soprema.be
Website	www.soprema.com

### **PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

Product name	DEBOVIX 5000 ANT/F C195 FC ZVB LARSEN
Additional label(s)	-
Product number / reference	
Place(s) of production	Schoten, Belgium
CPC code	5453

The manufacturer has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD. EPDs within the same product category but registered in different EPD programmes may not be comparable. For two EPDs to be comparable, they must be based on the same PCR (including the same version number) or be based on fully-aligned PCRs or versions of PCRs; cover products with identical functions, technical performances and use (e.g. identical declared/functional units); have equivalent system boundaries and descriptions of data; apply equivalent data quality requirements, methods of data collection, and allocation methods; apply identical cut-off rules and impact assessment methods (including the same

version of characterisation factors); have equivalent content declarations; and be valid at the time of comparison.

### **EPD INFORMATION**

EPD program operator	The International EPD System
EPD standards	This EPD is in accordance with ISO 14025:2006 and EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/AC:2021.
Product category rules	The CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR. In addition, the Int'l EPD System PCR 2019:14 Construction products, version 1.3.2, is used.
EPD author	Ľudmila Vaculová Mečiarová, Silvia Vilčeková
EPD verification	Independent verification of this EPD and data, according to ISO 14025: $\hfill \Box$ Internal certification $\boxtimes$ External verification
Verification date	2024-07-19
EPD verifier	Joanna Zhuravlova
EPD number	EPD-IES-0015683
ECO Platform nr.	
Publishing date	2024-07-19
EPD valid until	2029-07-18







## PRODUCT INFORMATION

#### PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Membrane composed of elastomer modified bitumen with fire-retardant additives and a composite polyester reinforcement.

The upper surface is finished with slates and the overlap (\*) is protected by a thermofusible film.

The lower surface is protected by a thermofusible film.

(\*) product exists also with no overlap.



#### **PRODUCT APPLICATION**

Used as upper layer within a single or multi layer waterproofing system.

### **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Further information can be found at <a href="https://www.soprema.dk/">https://www.soprema.dk/</a>

#### **PRODUCT STANDARDS**

Product met requirements of EN 1849-1, EN 12311-1, EN 1107-1, EN 12310-1, EN 1109, EN 1110, EN 13501-1. The system can meet the classification Broof (t2) according to EN 13501 part 5.

#### ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Further information can be found at www.soprema.com.







#### PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF THE PRODUCT

Composition	Standard	Unit	Value	Tolerance
Mass	EN 1849-1	kg/m²	5,0	± 15 %
Thickness overlap (indicative)	EN 1849-1	mm	4,2	
Thickness membrane (indicative)	EN 1849-1	mm	4,3	
Tensile force (L / T)	EN 12311-1	N/50 mm	820 / 690	± 20 %
Elongation at max. tensile force (L / T)	EN 12311-1	%	35 / 35	± 15
Resistance to root penetration	EN 13948		NPD	
Resistance to static loading	EN 12730-A EN 12730-B	kg	≥ 15 ≥ 15	
Resistance to impact	EN 12691-A EN 12691-B	mm	≥ 1000 ≥ 1000	
Dimensional stability	EN 1107-1	%	≤ 0,5	
Resistance to tearing (nail shank) (L / T)	EN 12310-1	N	335 / 335	± 25 %
Flexibility at low temperature	EN 1109	°C	≤ -20	
Flexibility at low temperature after aging	EN 1109 / EN 1296	°C	-5	-15/+0
Flow resistance at elevated temperature	EN 1110	°C	≥ 110	
Flow resistance at elevated temperature after aging	EN 1110 / EN 1296	°C	100	-0/+20
Joint properties: peel resistance	EN 12316-1	N/50 mm	135	± 25 %
Joint properties: shear resistance	EN 12317-1	N/50 mm	670	± 25 %
Watertightness	EN 1928-A	kPa/24 h	≥ 10	
Reaction to fire	EN 13501-1	Class	NPD	

NPD = no performance determined

### PRODUCT RAW MATERIAL COMPOSITION

Product Material	Weight %	Post-consumer material weight-%	Biogenic material weight-% and kg C/kg
Bitumen	49,16	0	0
Polymers	5,94	0	0
Reinforcements	3,78	50	0
Others	41,11	4,9	0
TOTAL	100	3,9	0
Packaging Material	Weight	Weight-%	Biogenic material
r actualing material	%	(versus the product)	weight kg C/kg
PE PE	<b>%</b> 6,60	•	_
		product)	kg C/kg
PE	6,60	product) 0,13	kg C/kg
PE Tape	6,60 1,07	0,13 0,02	kg C/kg 0 0
PE Tape Paper	6,60 1,07 0,30	0,13 0,02 0,01	kg C/kg 0 0 0,0001

Mass of the raw materials and packaging include an extra 10% weight for the overlaps.

### **SUBSTANCES, REACH - VERY HIGH CONCERN**

The product does not contain any REACH SVHC substances in amounts greater than 0,1 % (1000 ppm).







## PRODUCT LIFE-CYCLE

### **MANUFACTURING AND PACKAGING (A1-A3)**

The environmental impacts considered for the product stage cover the manufacturing of raw materials used in the production as well as packaging materials and other ancillary materials. Also, fuels used by machines, and handling of waste formed in the production processes at the manufacturing facilities are included in this stage. The study also considers the material losses occurring during the manufacturing processes as well as losses during electricity transmission.

The main raw materials for the production of the waterproofing system are bitumen (49,2%), SBS (5,9%), reinforcement (3,8%), minerals as fillers or finishing (39,0%) and other materials (2,1%). The finished packaged product is stored and transported on wooden pallets.

### **TRANSPORT AND INSTALLATION (A4-A5)**

Transportation impacts occurred from final products delivery to construction site (A4) cover fuel direct exhaust emissions, environmental impacts of fuel production, as well as related infrastructure emissions.

The transportation distance is defined according to PCR. Average distance of transportation from production plant to building site are assumed as 1110 km and the transportation methods are assumed to be lorry. Vehicle capacity utilization volume factor is assumed to be 1 which means full load. In reality, it may vary but as role of transportation emissions in total results is small, the variety in load is assumed to be negligible. Empty returns are not taken into account as it is assumed that return trip is used by the transportation company to serve the needs of other clients. Transportation

does not cause losses as product are packaged properly.

Energy consumption during installation represents 1,75 kWh.

Wooden pallets used for transportation of products to client is accounted for in A5. It is assumed that the pallets are incinerated at the nearest municipal incineration plant for energy recovery. The distance is assumed as 50 km and the transportation method assumed to be lorry.

### PRODUCT USE AND MAINTENANCE (B1-B7)

Environmental impacts from refurbishment (B5) are included in the study. So, it is considered that the old membrane is covered by a new one after 35 years except under layer. This means that one refurbishment is considered.

Air, soil, and water impacts during the use phase have not been studied.

### PRODUCT END OF LIFE (C1-C4, D)

The impacts of the disassembly stage are assumed zero, since the consumption of energy and natural resources for disassembling the end-of-life product is negligible.

Transportation distance to the closest disposal area is estimated as 50 km and the transportation method is assumed as lorry which is the most common.

15% of the material is assumed to be recycled and 45% used for energy recovery. 40% of waste is taken to landfill for final disposal.

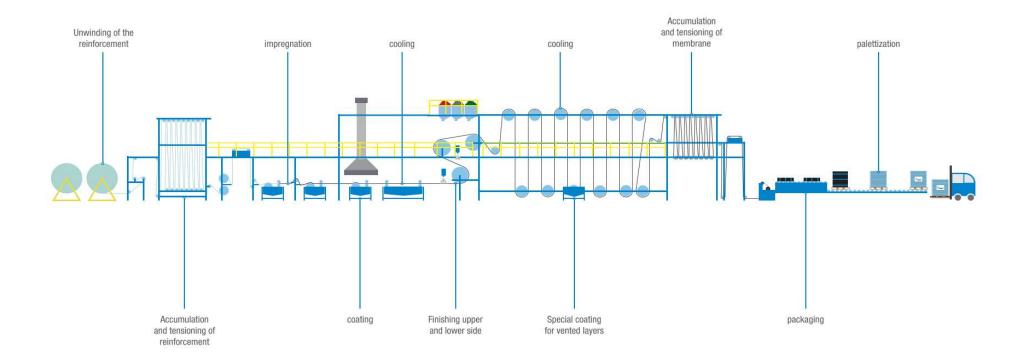
Module D considers the benefits of recycling and energy recovery which replaces district heat and electricity.







# **MANUFACTURING PROCESS**









# LIFE-CYCLE ASSESSMENT

#### LIFE-CYCLE ASSESSMENT INFORMATION

### **DECLARED AND FUNCTIONAL UNIT**

Declared unit	1 m <sup>2</sup>
Mass per declared unit	5,822 kg
Functional unit	
Reference service life	70 years

Declared unit includes extra overlaps and installation wastage.

### **BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT**

### Product's biogenic carbon content at the factory gate

Biogenic carbon content in product, kg C	0
Biogenic carbon content in packaging, kg C	0,039

#### **SYSTEM BOUNDARY**

The scope of this EPD is cradle to gate with options, modules C1-C4 and module D, with optional modules A4, A5 and B5.

	Product stage			Assembly Use stage						End of life stage					Beyond the system boundaries			
	Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal		Reuse-Recovery-Recycling- potential
Module	A1	A2	А3	A4	A5	В1	B2	В3	В4	B5	В6	В7	C1	C2	СЗ	C4		D
Modules declared	х	х	Х	х	Х	ND	ND	ND	ND	х	ND	ND	Х	х	х	Х		Х
Geography	GLO	EU	BE	EU	EU	-	-	-	-	EU	-	-	EU	EU	EU	EU		EU
Specific data used	>90%		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
Variation – products		NR		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Variation – sites		0%		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-

Modules not declared = ND. Modules not relevant = NR.

### **CUT-OFF CRITERIA**

The study does not exclude any modules or processes which are stated mandatory in the EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 and the applied PCR. The study does not exclude any hazardous materials or substances.

The study includes all major raw material and energy consumption. All inputs and outputs of the unit processes, for which data is available for, are included in the calculation. There is no neglected unit process more than 1% of total mass or energy flows. The module specific total neglected input and output flows also do not exceed 5% of energy usage or mass.







### **ALLOCATION, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS**

Allocation is required if some material, energy, and waste data cannot be measured separately for the product under investigation.

In this study, as per EN 15804, allocation is conducted in the following order:

- 1. Allocation should be avoided.
- 2. Allocation should be based on physical properties (e.g. mass, volume) when the difference in revenue is small.
- 3. Allocation should be based on economic values.

Allocation is based on annual production rate and made with high accuracy and precision. The values for 1  $\text{m}^2$  of the product which is used within this study are calculated by considering the total product weight per annual production. The product output is fixed to 1  $\text{m}^2$  and the corresponding amount of product is used in the calculations.

In the production plant, several kinds of products are produced; since the production processes of these products are similar, the annual production percentages are taken into consideration for allocation. According to the ratio of the annual production of the declared product to the total annual production at the factory, the annual total energy consumption, packaging materials and the generated waste per the declared product are allocated.

This LCA study is conducted in accordance with all methodological considerations, such as performance, system boundaries, data quality, allocation procedures, and decision rules to evaluate inputs and outputs.

All estimations and assumptions are given below.

Module A1: Within the product stage accurate data has been used, with the exception of acrylic tape due to its absence in the database. In this case, it was modelled as close to reality as possible using proxy, representative datapoint.

Module A3: In the plant, lots of different products are produced. Therefore, electricity and natural gas are allocated on yearly consumption.

Module A2, A4 & C2: Vehicle capacity utilization volume factor is assumed to be 1 which means full load. In reality it may vary but as the role of transportation emission in total results is small and so the variety in load assumed to be negligible. Empty returns are not taken into account as it is assumed that return trip is used by transportation companies to serve the needs of other clients.

Module A4: Transportation doesn't cause losses as products are packaged properly. Also, volume capacity utilisation factor is assumed to be 1 for the nested packaged products. Additionally, transportation distances and vehicle types are assumed according to the delivery in the last year.

Module A5: Energy consumption during installation represents 1.75 kWh. It is assumed that wood pallets are incinerated at the nearest municipal incineration plant for energy recovery. The distance is assumed as 50 km and the transportation method assumed to be lorry.

Module B5: Old membrane is covered by a new one after 35 years except under layer.







Module C1: The impacts of the disassembly stage are assumed zero, since the consumption of energy and natural resources for disassembling the end-of-life product is negligible.

Module C2: Transportation distance to the closest disposal area is estimated as 50 km and the transportation method is assumed as lorry which is the most common.

Module C3, C4, D: According to the EPD published by EWA, 15% of the material is assumed to be recycled and 45% used for energy recovery. 40% of waste is taken to landfill for final disposal. Module D considers the benefits of recycling and energy recovery which replaces district heat and electricity.

Allocation used in Ecoinvent 3.8 environmental data sources follows the methodology 'allocation, cut-off by classification'. This methodology is in line with the requirements of the EN 15804 -standard.

### **AVERAGES AND VARIABILITY**

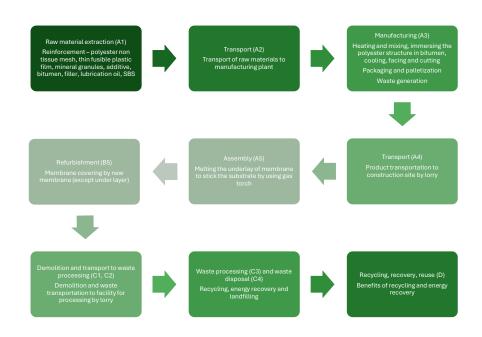
The results represent impacts for the analysed product. Averages and variabilities are not applicable.

### The International EPD System additional data requirements

Data specificity and GWP-GHG variability for GWP-GHG for A1-A3.

Supply-chain specific data for GWP-	>90%
GHG	

Variation in GWP-GHG between products	Not relevant
Variation in GWP-GHG between sites	Not relevant



**Process diagram** 







## **ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT DATA**

The estimated impact results are only relative statements, which do not indicate the endpoints of the impact categories, exceeding threshold values, safety margins and/or risks. The use of the results of modules A1-A3 is possible only without considering the results of module C. Note: additional environmental impact data may be presented in annexes.

### CORE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS - EN 15804+A2, PEF

Impact category	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP – total <sup>1)</sup>	kg CO₂e	3,64E+00	1,06E+00	7,58E-01	MND	MND	MND	MND	4,22+00	MND	MND	0,00E+00	5,06E-02	1,27E+01	6,99E-01	1,94E+00
GWP – fossil	kg CO₂e	3,65E+00	1,07E+00	6,15E-01	MND	MND	MND	MND	4,08E+00	MND	MND	0,00E+00	5,06E-02	1,27E+01	6,98E-01	1,93E+00
GWP – biogenic	kg CO₂e	-1,43E-01	0,00E+00	1,43E-01	MND	MND	MND	MND	8,80E-03	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	4,37E-04	4,40E-04	3,43E-03
GWP – LULUC	kg CO₂e	1,33E-01	4,29E-04	1,41E-04	MND	MND	MND	MND	1,33E-01	MND	MND	0,00E+00	1,90E-05	2,78E-04	5,55E-05	9,29E-04
Ozone depletion pot.	kg CFC-11e	3,13E-07	2,49E-07	4,32E-08	MND	MND	MND	MND	3,15E-07	MND	MND	0,00E+00	1,26E-08	6,11E-08	1,50E-08	1,69E-06
Acidification potential	mol H⁺e	1,68E-02	3,05E-03	1,40E-03	MND	MND	MND	MND	1,72E-02	MND	MND	0,00E+00	1,61E-04	4,70E-03	7,53E-04	1,54E-02
EP-freshwater <sup>2)</sup>	kg Pe	1,11E-04	7,67E-06	4,54E-06	MND	MND	MND	MND	1,10E-04	MND	MND	0,00E+00	3,62E-07	5,88E-06	8,96E-07	4,65E-05
EP-marine	kg Ne	1,85E-02	6,09E-04	4,21E-04	MND	MND	MND	MND	1,87E-02	MND	MND	0,00E+00	3,56E-05	1,35E-03	6,06E-04	2,06E-03
EP-terrestrial	mol Ne	2,63E-02	6,76E-03	4,30E-03	MND	MND	MND	MND	2,87E-02	MND	MND	0,00E+00	3,95E-04	1,25E-02	1,61E-03	2,26E-02
POCP ("smog") <sup>3)</sup>	kg NMVOCe	1,38E-02	2,60E-03	1,49E-03	MND	MND	MND	MND	1,45E-02	MND	MND	0,00E+00	1,55E-04	3,27E-03	6,33E-04	2,19E-01
ADP-minerals & metals <sup>4)</sup>	kg Sbe	4,19E-04	3,88E-06	2,00E-06	MND	MND	MND	MND	4,18E-04	MND	MND	0,00E+00	1,24E-07	2,20E-06	1,76E-07	1,39E-05
ADP-fossil resources	MJ	5,91E+01	1,60E+01	6,20E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	5,83E+01	MND	MND	0,00E+00	8,09E-01	3,29E+00	1,17E+00	1,20E+02
Water use <sup>5)</sup>	m³e depr.	2,21E+01	7,48E-02	2,71E-02	MND	MND	MND	MND	2,21E+01	MND	MND	0,00E+00	3,73E-03	4,38E-01	7,27E-03	8,68E-01

1) GWP = Global Warming Potential; 2) EP = Eutrophication potential. Required characterisation method and data are in kg P-eq. Multiply by 3,07 to get PO4e; 3) POCP = Photochemical ozone formation; 4) ADP = Abiotic depletion potential; 5) EN 15804+A2 disclaimer for Abiotic depletion and Water use and optional indicators except Particulate matter and Ionizing radiation, human health. The results of these environmental impact indicators shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.







## ADDITIONAL (OPTIONAL) ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS - EN 15804+A2, PEF

Impact category	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Particulate matter	Incidence	3,95E+01	8,66E-08	1,98E-08	MND	MND	MND	MND	3,95E+01	MND	MND	0,00E+00	5,87E-09	3,19E-08	8,81E-09	9,40E-08
Ionizing radiation <sup>6)</sup>	kBq U235e	2,82E-01	8,39E-02	1,02E-02	MND	MND	MND	MND	2,84E-01	MND	MND	0,00E+00	4,17E-03	1,61E-02	5,65E-03	5,28E-01
Ecotoxicity (freshwater)	CTUe	3,18E+01	1,33E+01	4,59E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	3,14E+01	MND	MND	0,00E+00	6,72E-01	5,84E+00	1,69E+00	7,18E+01
Human toxicity, cancer	CTUh	9,30E-09	4,10E-10	2,46E-10	MND	MND	MND	MND	9,32E-09	MND	MND	0,00E+00	1,75E-11	3,99E-10	3,92E-11	1,57E-09
Human tox. non-cancer	CTUh	8,93E-01	1,31E-08	5,78E-09	MND	MND	MND	MND	8,93E-01	MND	MND	0,00E+00	6,84E-10	1,26E-08	6,18E-10	3,66E-08
SQP <sup>7)</sup>	-	1,57E+01	1,14E+01	8,19E-01	MND	MND	MND	MND	8,61E+00	MND	MND	0,00E+00	9,42E-01	2,73E+00	2,76E+00	1,31E+01

<sup>6)</sup> EN 15804+A2 disclaimer for Ionizing radiation, human health. This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator; 7) SQP = Land use related impacts/soil quality.

### **USE OF NATURAL RESOURCES**

Impact category	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	B7	<b>C1</b>	C2	C3	C4	D
Renew. PER as energy <sup>8)</sup>	MJ	2,07E+00	2,33E-01	1,21E-01	MND	MND	MND	MND	1,52E+00	MND	MND	0,00E+00	1,05E-02	1,41E-01	2,36E-02	1,04E+00
Renew. PER as material	MJ	1,34E+00	0,00E+00	-1,34E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	5,20E-01	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	-1,33E-03	-8,90E-04	0,00E+00
Total use of renew. PER	MJ	3,41E+00	2,33E-01	-1,21E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	2,04E+00	MND	MND	0,00E+00	1,05E-02	1,40E-01	2,27E-02	1,04E+00
Non-re. PER as energy	MJ	5,91E+01	1,60E+01	6,20E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	5,81E+01	MND	MND	0,00E+00	8,09E-01	3,29E+00	1,17E+00	6,73E+01
Non-re. PER as material	MJ	1,48E+02	0,00E+00	-8,17E-01	MND	MND	MND	MND	1,39E+02	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	-9,36E+00	-5,30E+01	5,36E+01
Total use of non-re. PER	MJ	2,07E+02	1,60E+01	5,39E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	1,97E+02	MND	MND	0,00E+00	8,09E-01	-6,07E+00	-5,19E+01	1,21E+02
Secondary materials	kg	3,38E-01	5,44E-03	3,67E-03	MND	MND	MND	MND	3,38E-01	MND	MND	0,00E+00	2,28E-04	2,37E-03	4,11E-04	1,18E-02
Renew. secondary fuels	MJ	2,80E-02	5,99E-05	2,27E-05	MND	MND	MND	MND	4,81E-04	MND	MND	0,00E+00	2,01E-06	3,17E-05	1,57E-05	6,34E-05
Non-ren. secondary fuels	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Use of net fresh water	m³	2,83E-01	2,04E-03	7,18E-04	MND	MND	MND	MND	6,64E-02	MND	MND	0,00E+00	1,07E-04	7,31E-03	1,24E-03	2,07E-02

<sup>8)</sup> PER = Primary energy resources







### **END OF LIFE - WASTE**

Impact category	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	<b>C1</b>	C2	<b>C3</b>	C4	D
Hazardous waste	kg	1,59E-01	0,00E+00	1,52E-02	MND	MND	MND	MND	1,86E-01	MND	MND	0,00E+00	8,67E-04	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,46E-01
Non-hazardous waste	kg	4,24E-01	0,00E+00	4,77E-01	MND	MND	MND	MND	8,34E-01	MND	MND	0,00E+00	1,51E-02	0,00E+00	4,66E+00	1,65E+00
Radioactive waste	kg	1,46E-03	0,00E+00	5,11E-06	MND	MND	MND	MND	1,54E-03	MND	MND	0,00E+00	5,58E-06	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	7,18E-04

### **END OF LIFE – OUTPUT FLOWS**

Impact category	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	<b>C3</b>	C4	D
Components for re-use	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Materials for recycling	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	7,80E-03	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	1,75E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Materials for energy rec	kg	5,22E-02	0,00E+00	1,00E-01	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	5,24E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Exported energy	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	0,00E+00	MND	MND	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00

### **ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS – GWP-GHG - THE INTERNATIONAL EPD SYSTEM**

Impact category	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	B6	B7	<b>C1</b>	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP-GHG <sup>10)</sup>	kg CO₂e	3,65E+00	1,07E+00	6,15E-01	MND	MND	MND	MND	4,08E+00	MND	MND	0,00E+00	5,06E-02	1,27E+01	6,98E-01	1,93E+00

<sup>10)</sup> This indicator includes all greenhouse gases excluding biogenic carbon dioxide uptake and emissions and biogenic carbon stored in the product as defined by IPCC AR 5 (IPCC 2013). In addition, the characterisation factors for the flows - CH4 fossil, CH4 biogenic and Dinitrogen monoxide - were updated in line with the guidance of IES PCR 1.2.5 Annex 1. This indicator is identical to the GWP-total of EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 except that the characterization factor for biogenic CO2 is set to zero.







### **SCENARIO DOCUMENTATION**

#### Manufacturing energy scenario documentation

Scenario parameter	Value	Data source
Electricity data source and quality	Electricity, Belgium, residual mix	LCA study for country specific residual
Electricity CO <sub>2</sub> e / kWh	0,28 kg CO2e / kWh	electricity mixes based on AIB 2019, OneClickLCA 2021
District heating data source and quality	Heat production, natural gas, at industrial furnace >100k	ecoinvent 3.8
District heating CO₂e / kWh	0,0687	

### Transport scenario documentation (A4)

Scenario parameter	Value
Specific transport CO <sub>2</sub> e emissions, kg CO <sub>2</sub> e / tkm	0,16
Average transport distance, km	1110
Capacity utilization (including empty return) $\%$	100
Bulk density of transported products	-
Volume capacity utilization factor	1

### End of life scenario documentation

Scenario parameter	Value
Collection process – kg collected separately	11,6376
Collection process – kg collected with mixed waste	-

Scenario parameter	Value
Recovery process – kg for recycling	1,7457
Recovery process – kg for energy recovery	5,2369
Disposal (total) – kg for final deposition	4,6551
Scenario assumptions e.g. transportation	End-of-life product is transported 50 km with an average lorry.

#### **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

ISO 14025:2010 Environmental labels and declarations – Type III environmental declarations. Principles and procedures.

ISO 14020:2022 Environmental statements and programmes for products

— Principles and general requirements

ISO 14040:2006 Environmental management. Life cycle assessment. Principles and frameworks.

ISO 14020:2022 Environmental statements and programmes for products — Principles and general requirements

ISO 14044:2006 Environmental management. Life cycle assessment. Requirements and guidelines.

Ecoinvent database v3.8 (2021) and One Click LCA database.

EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 Sustainability in construction works — Environmental product declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products.

Int'l EPD System PCR 2019:14 Construction products, version 1.3. 2, 2023-12-08

Eriksson, O. & Finnveden, G. Energy Recovery from Waste Incineration - The Importance of Technology Data and System Boundaries on CO2 Emissions. Energies, 2017







EPD International (2021). General Programme Instructions of the international EPD® system. Version 4.0. www.environdec.com. DEBOVIX 5000 ANT/F C195 FC ZVB LCA background report 13.02.2024









### **ABOUT THE MANUFACTURER**

The SOPREMA Group has been developing and diversifying its activities, worldwide, by including, over the years, additional operations to its traditional trade, waterproofing. By becoming the world leader in waterproofing solutions, the group is today a key player in the construction sector. SOPREMA was created in 1908 as an independent family group by Charles Geisen whose great-grandson, Pierre-Etienne Bindschedler, is now at the head of the company. Today we are rolling out millions of square metres of waterproofing, insulating and roofing material. As a result, SOPREMA claims a world-leading position in the design and manufacture of waterproofing solutions as well as roofing materials, sound and thermal insulation. Today, SOPREMA operates all around the world with 101 manufacturing plants, more than 100 subsidiaries and more than 4,000 distributors.

Manufacturer	SOPREMA-LARSEN
EPD author	Ľudmila Vaculová Mečiarová, Silvia Vilčeková
EPD verifier	Joanna Zhuravlova
EPD program operator	The International EPD System
Background data	This EPD is based on Ecoinvent 3.8 (Allocation, cut-off, EN15804) and One Click LCA databases.
LCA software	The LCA and EPD have been created using One Click LCA Pre-Verified EPD Generator for Bitumen membranes
Calculation method	Potential environmental impacts are calculated following EN 15804:2012 +A2:2019. The characterization models and factors correspond to the defaults list (EF 3.0).





### **VERIFICATION STATEMENT**

#### **VERIFICATION PROCESS FOR THIS EPD**

This EPD has been verified in accordance with ISO 14025 by an independent, third-party verifier by reviewing results, documents and compliancy with EN 15804, ISO 14025 and ISO 14040/14044, following the process and checklists of the program operator for:

- This Environmental Product Declaration
- The Life-Cycle Assessment used in this EPD
- The background report (project report) for this EPD

Why does verification transparency matter? Read more online.

#### **VERIFICATION OVERVIEW**

Following independent third party has verified this specific EPD:

<b>EPD</b> verification information	Answer
Independent EPD verifier	Joanna Zhuravlova
EPD verification started on	23.05.2024
EPD verification completed on	19.07.2024
Supply-chain specific data %	>90%
Approver of the EPD verifier	The International EPD System

Author & tool verification	Answer
EPD author	Ľudmila Vaculová Mečiarová Silvia Vilčeková
EPD Generator module	Bitumen membranes
Independent software verifier	Ugo Pretato, Studio Fieschi & soci

Software verification date

2021-05-11

#### THIRD-PARTY VERIFICATION STATEMENT

I hereby confirm that, following detailed examination, I have not established any relevant deviations by the studied Environmental Product Declaration (EPD), its LCA and project report, in terms of

- the data collected and used in the LCA calculations,
- the way the LCA-based calculations have been carried out,
- the presentation of environmental data in the EPD, and
- other additional environmental information, as present

with respect to the procedural and methodological requirements in ISO 14025:2010 and EN 15804:2012+A2:2019.

I confirm that the company-specific data has been examined as regards plausibility and consistency; the declaration owner is responsible for its factual integrity and legal compliance.

I confirm that I have sufficient knowledge and experience of construction products, this specific product category, the construction industry, relevant standards, and the geographical area of the EPD to carry out this verification.

I confirm my independence in my role as verifier; I have not been involved in the execution of the LCA or in the development of the declaration and have no conflicts of interest regarding this verification.

Joanna Zhuravlova







# **VERIFICATION AND REGISTRATION (INTERNATIONAL EPD SYSTEM)**

### **Programme information**

Programme:	The International EPD® System						
	EPD International AB						
Address:	Box 210 60						
Address:	SE-100 31 Stockholm						
	Sweden						
Website:	www.environdec.com						
E-mail:	info@environdec.com						

Accountabilities for PCR, LCA and independent, third-party verification								
Product Category Rules (PCR)								
CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the Core Product Category Rules (PCR)								
Product Category Rules (PCR): Construction products 2019:14 Version 1.3.2, 2023-12-08								
PCR review was conducted by: Martin Erlandsson, IVL Swedish Environmental Research Institute, <a href="martin.erlandsson@ivl.se">martin.erlandsson@ivl.se</a>								
Life Cycle Assessment (LCA)								
LCA accountability: Ľudmila Vaculová Mečiarová, Silvia Vilčeková								
Third-party verification								

Independent third-party verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006, via:

x EPD verification by individual verifier

Third-party verifier: Joanna Zhuravlova

Approved by: The International EPD® System

Procedure for follow-up of data during EPD validity involves third party verifier:

□ Yes x No



THE INTERNATIONAL EPD® SYSTEM

EPD International AB, Box 210 60, SE-100 31 Stockholm, Sweden, E-mail: <a href="mailto:info@environdec.com">info@environdec.com</a>







# ANNEX 1: ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS - EN 15804+A1, CML

Impact category	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Global Warming Pot.	kg CO₂e	3,31E+00	1,06E+00	5,93E-01	MND	MND	MND	MND	3,73E+00	MND	MND	0,00E+00	5,01E-02	1,26E+01	5,67E-01	1,87E+00
Ozone depletion Pot.	kg CFC <sub>-11</sub> e	2,26E-07	1,97E-07	3,59E-08	MND	MND	MND	MND	2,27E-07	MND	MND	0,00E+00	1,00E-08	5,66E-08	1,19E-08	1,34E-06
Acidification	kg SO₂e	1,26E-02	2,50E-03	1,10E-03	MND	MND	MND	MND	1,29E-02	MND	MND	0,00E+00	1,31E-04	3,77E-03	6,21E-04	1,31E-02
Eutrophication	kg PO <sub>4</sub> ³e	3,69E-03	5,40E-04	2,40E-03	MND	MND	MND	MND	3,74E-03	MND	MND	0,00E+00	2,77E-05	1,39E-02	3,35E-02	3,64E-03
POCP ("smog")	kg C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> e	6,20E-04	1,26E-04	1,41E-04	MND	MND	MND	MND	6,96E-04	MND	MND	0,00E+00	6,10E-06	1,53E-04	1,14E-04	7,50E-04
ADP-elements	kg Sbe	1,01E-05	3,79E-06	2,00E-06	MND	MND	MND	MND	9,74E-06	MND	MND	0,00E+00	1,21E-07	1,47E-06	1,70E-07	1,34E-05
ADP-fossil	MJ	1,91E+02	1,60E+01	6,20E+00	MND	MND	MND	MND	1,90E+02	MND	MND	0,00E+00	8,09E-01	3,29E+00	1,17E+00	1,20E+02







## **ANNEX 2: LIFE-CYCLE ASSESSMENT RESULT VISUALIZATION**

