



## ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION (EPD) FOR THE INNOVATIVE ALUMINIUM EXTRUSION BILLET BY HYDRO BUILDING SYSTEMS ATESSA SRL



*We are aluminium*

**Company:** Hydro Building Systems Atessa Srl - Z. Ind.le – C.da Saletti 66041 Atessa (CH) Tel. 0872/8941

**Programme operator:** The International EPD® System – c/o EPD International AB - Valhallavägen 81 SE-114 27 Stockholm Sweden - [www.environdec.com](http://www.environdec.com)

**PCR:** 2012:01 Construction products and construction services version 2.31

**Geographical scope:** Europe

**EPD registration number:** S-P-02090

**ECO EPD registration numbers:** ECO EPD 00001251

**Date of publication (issue):** 2020-06-18

**Date of validity:** 2025-06-09

**Revision n. and date:** n.3, 2023-03-09

*EPD in accordance with ISO 14025 and EN 15804:2012+A1:2013*



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## 1 PROGRAMME RELATED INFORMATION

This EPD is developed under the program The International EPD<sup>®</sup> System, in compliance with the General Program Instruction version 3 for the EPD development and the Product Category Rules PCR CPC 54 “Construction products and Construction services” 2012:01 version 2.31.

More information about the International EPD<sup>®</sup> System is available on the website:

<https://www.environdec.com/>

## 2 PRODUCT RELATED INFORMATION

### 2.1 THE COMPANY

Hydro Building Systems Atessa Srl manufactures aluminium profiles and includes also a remelting unit. The manufacturing site is located in a 57.660 mq area. The production processes occurring in the site include the production of billets in aluminium alloys and the production of profiles through the extrusion of billets, including eventual additional manufacturing steps and treatment such as the such the profile aging processes and the thermal break.

### 2.2 THE PRODUCT

The studied aluminium billets are intermediate products which feed other processing steps for the production of other products, mainly profiles for the building sector. The production process, represented in Figure 1, is the same of the traditional billets produced in Atessa. It includes the remelting of aluminium scrap and primary ingots and the following casting process. During the process impurities are removed to reach the quality standard. Casted billets are binded together by means of plastic straps and wood bars and are stored to be sold externally or to be used internally as input in the extrusion process (profiles production).

The product covered by the present EPD is an innovative (forthcoming) billet, whose production has been planned by Atessa to reach a carbon target at product level (4 kgCO<sub>2</sub>eq per Kg of billet). Scrap used in input is the average scrap sourced in the European market. The most significant share of such process scrap is coming from the profiles production using Hydro REDUXA 4.0 and/or Hydro CIRCAL 75R ingots<sup>1</sup>.

The reference CPC code is 415 “Semi-finished products of copper, nickel, aluminium, lead, zinc and tin or their alloys”.

<sup>1</sup> Extrusion ingots Hydro REDUXA 4.0 and Hydro CIRCAL 75R are low carbon ingots produced by Hydro Aluminium AS. EPDs have been issued in 2019 with EPD-Norge and are available at company website and EPD-Norge websites.

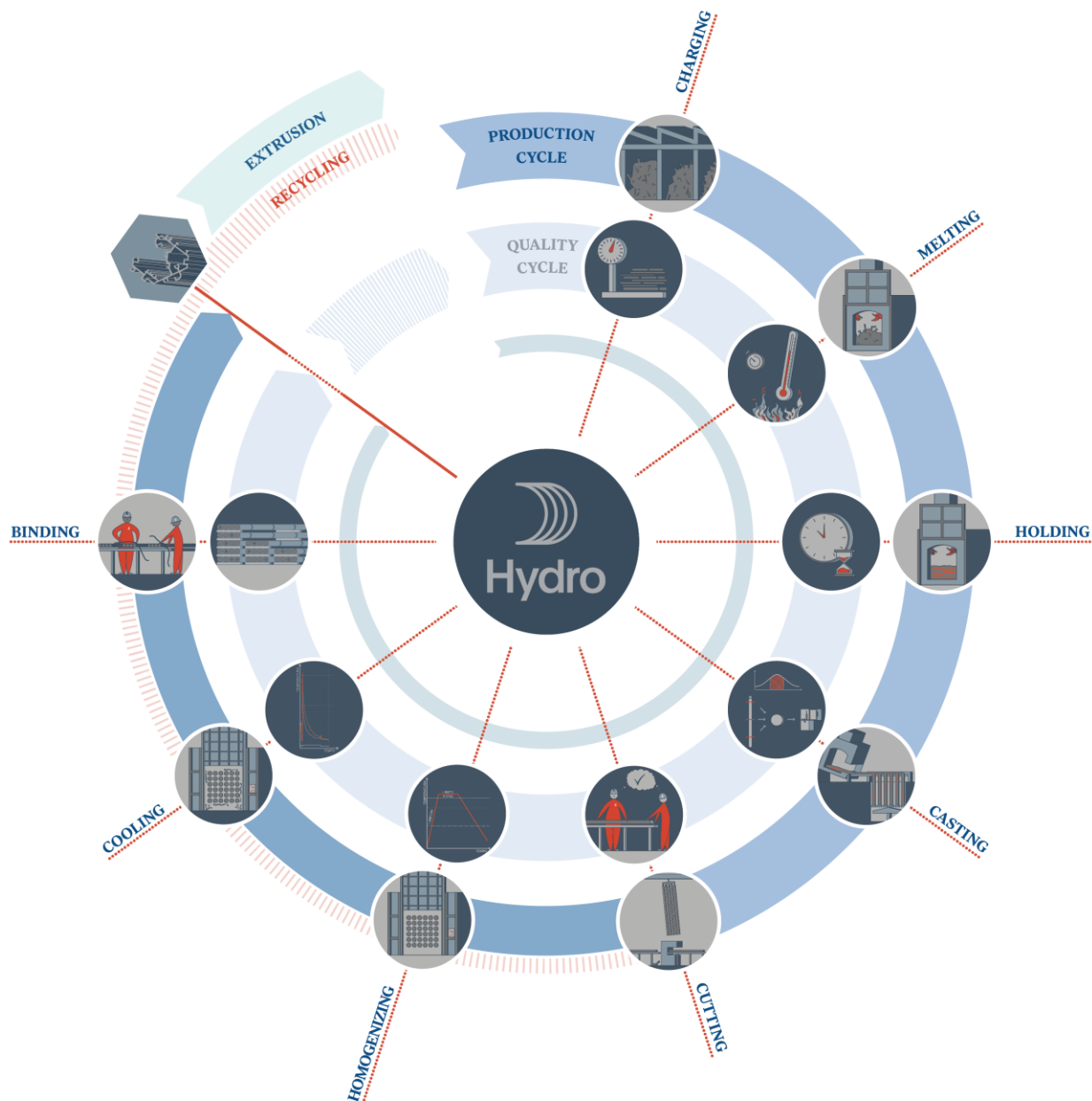


Figure 1: Production process of the innovative aluminium billet occurring in Atesa's site.

### 2.2.1 TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE PRODUCT

All products are produced according to European standards specific for each casthouse products. The products are variants within the 6000 alloys. For more detailed information about shapes, dimensions and tolerances: [www.hydro.com/en/products/casthouse-products/](http://www.hydro.com/en/products/casthouse-products/).

### 2.2.2 PRODUCT COMPOSITION

The composition of the product is reported in Table 1 and is based on assumptions by Hydro Building Systems Atesa srl, on the potential amount of Hydro CIRCAL 75R and Hydro REDUXA 4.0 process scrap entering the production process.

The content of SVHC does not exceed 0,1 % of the total weight.

**Table 1: BoM of the innovative aluminium billet by Hydro Building Systems Atessa srl**

<b>BoM of the aluminium billet</b>	
<b>Material contribution (% in weight) to 1 kg of aluminium billet*</b>	
<b>Process scrap</b>	<b>17-10</b>
<b>Circal scrap</b>	<b>80</b>
<b>Primary aluminium ingot</b>	<b>3-10</b>
<b>Packaging per 1 kg of aluminium billet</b>	
<b>Plastic strap</b>	<b>0,0002</b>
<b>Wood</b>	<b>0,0058</b>

\*The most likely recipe is 17% of scrap, 80% Circal scrap and 3% primary ingots. However, the input of primary ingot can increase until 10% and, as a consequence, the input of scrap can decrease until 10%. All combination included in the described range are covered by the present EPD

### 2.2.3 PRODUCT REFERENCE SERVICE LIFE

Product Reference Service Life is dependent on product application. Aluminium itself has an infinite lifetime.

### 2.2.4 MARKET

The reference market is Europe. Application sector is mainly Building and Construction, but also Automotive and Transport, Consumer Goods, General Engineering.

## 3 ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

### 3.1 METHODOLOGY

The study behind the present EPD has been performed according to the state of art of the LCA methodology, with specific reference to the construction sector, in accordance to the following standard and guidelines:

- EN ISO 14040: 2006 Environmental management -- Life cycle assessment -- Principles and framework
- EN ISO 14044: 2006/Amd 1:2017 Environmental management -- Life cycle assessment -- Requirements and guidelines
- EN 15804:2012+A1:2013 Sustainability of construction works - Environmental product declarations - Core rules for the product category of construction products.
- General Programme Instructions (GPI) for the International EPD® VERSION 3
- The International EPD® System Product Category Rules (PCRs) for construction products and construction services version 2012:01 2.31

The goal of the study is the evaluation of the potential environmental impacts of the aluminium billet.

The EPD is mainly addressed to the business-to-business communication. The data elaboration has been performed with the Gabi software, version 9.2.1.68. The database used are the most updated ones implemented in Gabi software. More in detail, main database used is ts, European Aluminium and IAI. The LCIA method used is CML 2001 version 4.2 (April 2013).

### 3.2 DECLARED UNIT

The declared unit is 1 kg of aluminium billet, plus its packaging.

### 3.3 SYSTEM BOUNDARY

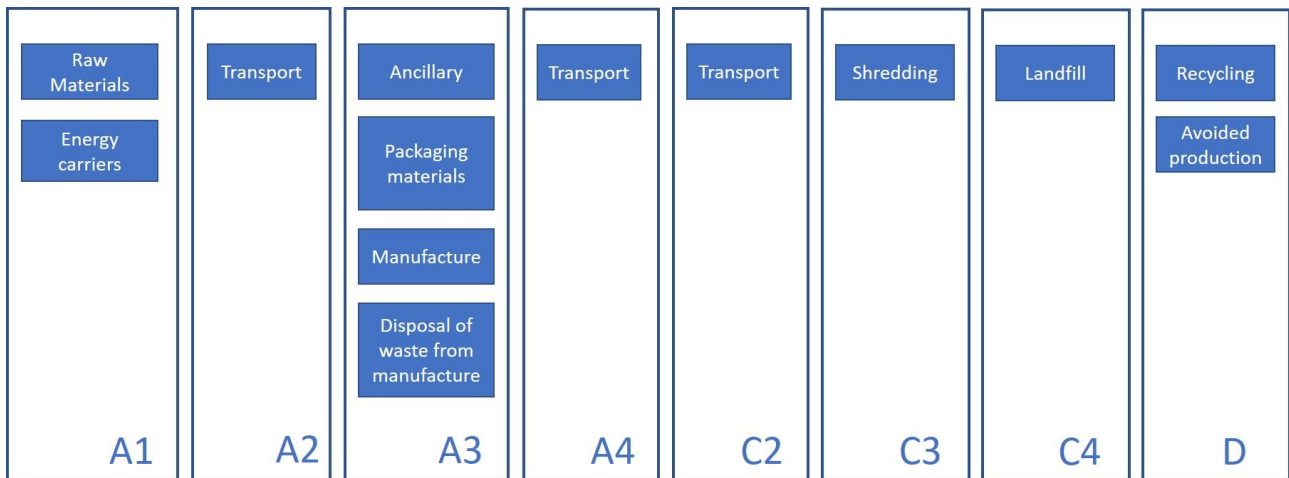
The EPD is a Cradle to Gate with options (as represented in Table 2 and in showed in Figure 2). Modules A5, B1 to B7 and C1 are excluded as they are strongly dependent on the specific application within the reference market.

**Table 2: Life cycle stages included in the study for the innovative aluminium billet by Hydro Building Systems Atessa srl**

PRODUCT STAGE			CONSTRUCTION PROCESS STAGE		USE STAGE	END-OF-LIFE STAGE				BENEFITS and LOADS BEYOND SYSTEM BOUNDARY
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1 to B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Raw Material Supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction/Installation	Use, Maintenance, Repair, Replacement, Refurbishment, Operational energy use, Operational water use	Deconstruction/Demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse, Recycling potential
X	X	X	X	Mnd*	Mnd*	Mnd*	X	X	X	X

\* Module Not Declared

**Figure 2: System boundaries for the study of the innovative aluminium billet by Hydro Building Systems Atessa srl**



The following stages are included in the study:

**Raw Materials supply (A1).** Production of raw materials used in the products, of as well as the production of energy carriers used in the production process.

**Transport of raw materials to the factory (A2)**

**Manufacturing of the Hydro aluminium billet (A3).** *It includes the following production phases:*

- Remelting and casting
- Cutting and homogenization
- Cooling and binding (packaging) for final storage

Moreover, in module A3, the production of primary packaging and of the ancillary materials and the treatment of waste generated from the manufacturing processes are accounted for.

**Transport to the user (A4)**

**Transport from collection to waste processing and disposal site (C2)**

**Waste processing (C3):** shredding

**Disposal (C4):** landfill of material fractions not entering the recycling treatment

**Module D:** transport to recycling treatment site (remelter), remelting process and benefit due to the avoided production of primary aluminium.

The manufacturing process is based on the manufacturing process performed by Hydro Building System Atessa srl for the production of traditional aluminium billets, whose environmental profile is reported in the EPD n. S-P-02089.

### 3.4 MAIN ASSUMPTIONS, CUT-OFFS, BACKGROUND DATA INFORMATION AND SCENARIOS

#### 3.4.1 DATA QUALITY

Specific data are used for all of Hydro's processes based on the production year 2019. In addition, as Hydro (Corporate) has ownership in a total value chain from mining of bauxite to production of aluminium extrusion ingots (e.g. CIRCAL 75R and REDUXA 4.0), all stages from A1 to A4 are covered by specific data.

With the exception of the Hydro CIRCAL 75R and Hydro REDUXA 4.0 scrap, whose data are from EPD of Hydro Aluminium AS, all background data used in the study are from LCI database and are not older than 5 years.

Background data on for instance transport and energy production are from thinkstep. In addition, with specific reference to the electricity used in the manufacturing processes, the electricity mix of the specific electricity supplier is used.

#### 3.4.2 ALLOCATION

The allocation is made in accordance with the provisions of EN 15804. Energy and resources (water and ancillary) in input and waste and emissions in output from the foundry are allocated to the billet production based on the mass. The production of primary aluminium included in process scrap is allocated to the main product in which the material is used. The recycling process and transportation of the material is allocated to this analysis.

#### 3.4.3 CUT-OFFS CRITERIA

Raw and packaging materials are fully included as well as the energy for manufacturing. In the same way, all manufacturing waste (including hazardous waste) and air emissions are accounted for.

The construction of the manufacturing site (capital goods) is not included. The modules A5, from B1 to B7, and C1 are excluded as they are dependent of the specific product application.

#### 3.4.4 BACKGROUND DATA INFORMATION

For the majority of the raw materials as well as for the packaging for the finished products a European production is considered. Hydro CIRCAL 75R and Hydro REDUXA 4.0 process scrap are given the impact of Hydro CIRCAL 75R and Hydro REDUXA 4.0 extrusion ingot, respectively.

Raw materials road transport is assumed on a truck Euro 4 (> 32 t) with an utilisation ratio of 61%

#### 3.4.4 SCENARIOS FOR OPTIONAL MODULES

It is assumed that the product is totally used in Atesa's site for the production of profiles. Thus, there is no transport activity towards external users.

Building sector, as the main reference market, is the economic sector considered for the End-of-life modules. After collection, aluminium is shredded and sorted aluminium is sent to remelting. Materials lost at the



collection and waste treatment sites is sent to landfill. Collection and waste processing efficiency are reported in Table 3, whereas Table 4 reports transport information.

**Table 3: Applied collection and waste processing efficiency for the End-of-life.**

<b>End-of-life - collection and processing efficiency</b>	
<b>Collection efficiency - %</b>	
Aluminium collected	96
Aluminium lost at the collection site	4
<b>Processing efficiency (shredding) - %</b>	
Aluminium sent to recycling after shredding	95
Aluminium lost in the shredding	5

**Table 4: Distance and transport means applied for the End-of-life**

<b>End-of-life – transport information for modules C and D</b>		
<b>Transport mean</b>	<b>Utilisation ratio - %</b>	<b>Distance travelled - km</b>
<b>Materials not collected and sent to landfill (module C2)</b>		
Diesel truck, Euro IV, > 32 t	61	50
<b>Material collected and sent to waste processing (module C2)</b>		
Diesel truck, Euro IV, > 32 t	61	200*
<b>Materials from waste processing to remelter (module D)</b>		
Diesel truck, Euro IV, > 32 t	61	200

\*no additional transport is assumed for material which is landfilled after waste processing.

Module D environmental impacts address burden and benefit from net output flows leaving the product system, i.e. from flows leaving the product system, lowered of the recycled content % initially included in the product. The primary aluminium ingot consumed in Europe is considered for the accounting of benefits from remelted aluminium.

### 3.5 PARAMETERS DESCRIBING THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

Table 5: Environmental profile of the innovative aluminium billet by Hydro Building Systems Atessa srl – recipe 17% of process scrap, 80% of Circal scrap, 3% of primary ingots.

Impact category	A1-A3	A4	C2	C3	C4	D
<b>Abiotic Depletion (ADP fossil) [MJ]</b>	5,79E+01	3,68E-01	1,74E-01	2,20E-01	1,83E-02	-2,31E+01
<b>Abiotic Depletion (ADP elements) [kg Sb-Equiv.]</b>	7,11E-06	1,93E-09	9,10E-10	6,09E-09	1,30E-10	-2,46E-07
<b>Acidification Potential (AP) [kg SO<sub>2</sub>-Equiv.]</b>	2,24E-02	1,14E-04	5,37E-05	5,25E-05	7,78E-06	-1,05E-02
<b>Eutrophication Potential (EP) [kg Phosphate-Equiv.]</b>	1,80E-03	2,86E-05	1,35E-05	5,27E-06	8,80E-07	-5,72E-04
<b>Global Warming Potential (GWP 100 years) [kg CO<sub>2</sub>-Equiv.]*</b>	3,47E+00	2,69E-02	1,27E-02	2,05E-02	1,31E-03	-2,15E+00
<b>Ozone Layer Depletion Potential (ODP, steady state) [kg R11-Equiv.]</b>	1,00E-07	4,49E-18	2,11E-18	5,77E-16	7,62E-18	9,53E-13
<b>Photochem. Ozone Creation Potential (POCP) [kg Ethene-Equiv.]</b>	1,22E-03	-4,25E-05	-2,00E-05	3,67E-06	6,02E-07	-5,85E-04

\* In compliance to the applied LCIA method, the Global Warming Potential also includes biogenic emissions.

All recipes in the range addressed by the present EPD (see 2.2.2) have an impact  $< \pm 10\%$  compared to values reported in Table 5.

### 3.6 INDICATORS OF RESOURCES USE

Table 6: Indicators of resources of the innovative aluminium billet by Hydro Building Systems Atessa srl - recipe 17% of process scrap, 80% of Circal scrap, 3% of primary ingots.

Indicator of resources	A1-A3	A4	C2	C3	C4	D
<i>Use of non renewable secondary fuels (NRSF) [MJ]</i>	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
<i>Use of renewable secondary fuels (RSF) [MJ]</i>	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
<i>Use of net fresh water (FW) [m3]</i>	4,91E-02	4,53E-04	2,13E-04	7,75E-04	1,59E-05	-5,16E-02
<i>Non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PENRM) [MJ]</i>	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
<i>Use of non-renewable primary energy resources excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials [MJ]</i>	4,15E+01	3,70E-01	1,74E-01	3,70E-01	1,90E-02	-2,76E+01
<i>Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT) [MJ]</i>	4,15E+01	3,70E-01	1,74E-01	3,70E-01	1,90E-02	-2,76E+01
<i>Renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials [MJ]</i>	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
<i>Use of renewable primary energy resources excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials [MJ]</i>	1,41E+01	2,14E-02	1,01E-02	1,49E-01	2,41E-03	-1,25E+01
<i>Total use of renewable primary energy resources (PERT) [MJ]</i>	1,41E+01	2,14E-02	1,01E-02	1,49E-01	2,41E-03	-1,25E+01
<i>Use of secondary materials [kg]</i>	9,70E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00

### 3.7 INDICATORS OF WASTE AND OUTPUT FLOWS

Table 7: Indicators of waste of the innovative aluminium billet by Hydro Building Systems Atessa srl - recipe 17% of process scrap, 80% of Circal scrap, 3% of primary ingots.

Indicator of waste	A1-A3	A4	C2	C3	C4	D
<i>Hazardous waste disposed (HWD) [kg]</i>	7,30E-04	2,07E-08	9,73E-09	1,78E-10	3,23E-10	-1,86E-08
<i>Non-hazardous waste disposed (NHWD) [kg]</i>	1,32E+00	3,01E-05	1,42E-05	2,71E-04	8,81E-02	-6,52E-01
<i>Radioactive waste disposed (RWD) [kg]</i>	3,86E-05	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00

Table 8: Indicators of output flows of the innovative aluminium billet by Hydro Building Systems Atessa srl - recipe 17% of process scrap, 80% of Circal scrap, 3% of primary ingots.

Indicator of output flows	A1-A3	A4	C2	C3	C4	D
<i>Exported electrical energy (EEE) [MJ]</i>	7,96E-06	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
<i>Exported thermal energy (EET) [MJ]</i>	1,44E-05	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
<i>Materials for Recycling (MFR) [kg]</i>	1,31E-04	0,00E+00	9,60E-01	9,12E-01	0,00E+00	8,94E-01
<i>Components for reuse [kg]</i>	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
<i>Materials for Energy Recovery [kg]</i>	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00

## 4 REFERENCE

EC-JRC, 2010. International reference Life Cycle data System Handbook. General Guidance for life cycle assessment. Detailed Guidance

Ecoinnovazione, 2020. Technical report: LCA study of aluminium billets produced by Hydro Building System Atessa srl

EN 15804:2012+A1:2013 “Sustainability of construction works – Environmental product declarations – Core rules for the product category of construction products”.

International EPD® System, 2018. General Programme Instructions for the International EPD System, vers. 3

International EPD® System, 2012. PCR 2012:01 Construction products and construction services, version 2.31

International Organisation for Standardization (ISO), 2006a Environmental management – Life Cycle assessment – Principles and framework. ISO 14040:2006, Geneva

International Organisation for Standardization (ISO), 2017 Environmental management – Life Cycle assessment – Requirements and guidelines. ISO 14040:2006/Amd 1:2017 Geneva

International Organisation for Standardization (ISO), 2006c Environmental labels and declarations -- Type III environmental declarations -- Principles and procedures. ISO 14025:2006, Geneva

## 5 GLOSSARY

**ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT:** Any change to the environment, whether adverse or beneficial, wholly or partially resulting from an organization's environmental aspects [ISO 14001:2015].

**ENVIRONMENTAL DECLARATION:** Claim which indicates the environmental aspects of a product or service. An environmental label or declaration may take the form of a statement, symbol or graphic on a product or package label, in product literature, in technical bulletins, in advertising or in publicity, amongst other things. [ISO 14020:2000].

**IMPACT CATEGORY:** Class representing environmental issues of concern to which life cycle inventory analysis results may be assigned [ISO 14040:2006]

**LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENT (LCA):** Compilation and evaluation of the inputs, outputs and the potential environmental impacts of a product system throughout its life cycle [ISO 14040:2006]

**PRODUCT CATEGORY RULES (PCR):** Set of specific rules, requirements and guidelines for developing Type III environmental declarations for one or more product categories [ISO 14025:2006].

**RAW MATERIAL:** Primary or secondary material that is used to produce a product. Secondary material includes recycled material. [ISO 14040:2006]

**RECOVERED (RECLAIMED) MATERIAL:** Material that would have otherwise been disposed of as waste or used for energy recovery, but has instead been collected and recovered (reclaimed) as a material input, in lieu of new primary material, for a recycling or a manufacturing process. [ISO 14021:2016].

**SYSTEM BOUNDARY:** Set of criteria specifying which unit processes are part of a product system [ISO 14040:2006].

**SVHC:** Substances that may have serious and often irreversible effects on human health and the environment can be identified as substances of very high concern (SVHCs). If a substance is identified as an SVHC, it will be added to the Candidate List for eventual inclusion in the Authorization List of the REACH Regulation). The inclusion in this list implicates legal duties for manufacturers, importers o companies, which use those substances as such, in formulation or in their products.

## 6 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

### 6.1 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE PROGRAMME AND THE EPD

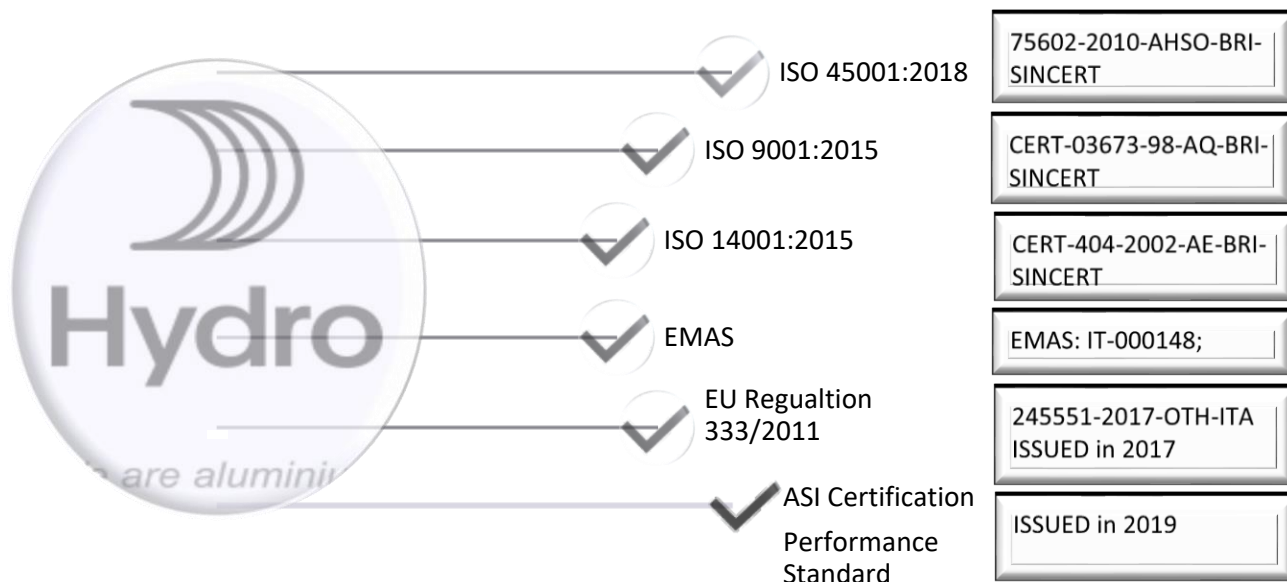
EPDs within the same product category but from different programme may not be comparable.

EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804. Environmental product declarations within the same product category from different programs may not be comparable. This EPD and the PCR CPC 54 “Construction products and Construction services” are available on the website of The International EPD® System ([www.environdec.com](http://www.environdec.com)).

The verifier and the Programme Operator do not make any claim nor have any responsibility of the legality of the products included in the present EPD. The LCA study and the present EPD have been issued with the technical scientific support of Ecoinnovazione S.r.l., spin-off ENEA (<http://ecoinnovazione.it/?lang=en>).

### 6.2 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE PRODUCT AND ON THE COMPANY

The aluminium billet covered by the present EPD is a forthcoming product by Hydro Building Systems Atessa srl. The company management and production system of the plant is certified in compliance to:



For further information on product characteristics and typical applications and for technical datasheet, please visit our website [www.hydro.com](http://www.hydro.com) or contact us to [hydro.atesa@pechydrosystems.it](mailto:hydro.atesa@pechydrosystems.it)

## 7 VERIFICATION AND REGISTRATION

CEN standard EN 15804 served as core PCR	
<b>EPD Programme:</b>	The International EPD® System For more information – <a href="http://www.environdec.it">www.environdec.it</a>
<b>PCR:</b>	PCR 2012:01 Construction products and construction services version 2.31
<b>PCR review was conducted by:</b>	The Technical Committee of the International EPD® System. Chair of the TC: Massimo Marino Contact: <a href="mailto:info@environdec.com">info@environdec.com</a>
<b>EPD Registration n°:</b>	S-P-02090
<b>EPD validity:</b>	5 years
<b>EPD valid within the following geographical area:</b>	Global
<b>Technical support:</b>	Ecoinnovazione S.r.l. – spin-off ENEA Via d'Azeglio 51, 40123 Bologna  ecoinnovazione spin off ENEA <a href="http://www.ecoinnovazione.it">www.ecoinnovazione.it</a>
<b>Independent verification of the declaration and data according to ISO 14025:</b>	EPD verification (external)
<b>Third party verifier:</b>	DNV Business Assurance Italia Srl Via Energy Park, 14, 20871 Vimercate (MB), Italy. Tel: 039 68 99 905.  <a href="http://www.dnvgl.it/businessassurance">www.dnvgl.it/businessassurance</a>
<b>Accredited by:</b>	ACCREDIA (Registration number 008H rev.01)



## 8 REVISIONS

### ***Revision n. 1 (10<sup>th</sup> June 2020)***

This is just the internal revision, before the first publishing of the EPD.

### ***Revision n.2 (5<sup>th</sup> July 2021)***

List of editorial changes compared to version revised in June 2020:

- Expiring date corrected and aligned to PCR rules (5 years from the first publishing)

No other change were implemented.

### ***Revision n. 3 (9<sup>th</sup> March 2023) implemented in the context of maintenance 2022 (reference year 2021)***

List of changes compared to the document revised in July 2021:

- Product description (par 2.2)
- Bill of materials (par 2.2.2)
- Parameters describing environmental impact (par 3.5)
- The statement “All recipes in the range addressed by the present EPD (see 2.2.2) have an impact  $< \pm 10\%$  compared to values reported in Table 5” is added in par. 3.5
- Indicators of resource use (par 3.6)
- Indicators of waste and output flows (par 3.7)
- Data of Table 5 to Table 8 are updated to include the recipe
- Third-party reviewer name and logo (par 7)
- Updating of Eco-platform logo in the cover page
- The paragraph 3.8 “Difference with previous version” was deleted as the present section is created.