

# **ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION**

In accordance with ISO 14025 and EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 for

# TRIPLE GLAZING

# **CLIMATOP**

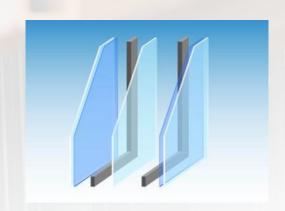
4-14-4-14-4 / 4-16-4-16-4 / 33.2-10-4-10-4 / 6-12-4-12-4 / 6t-14-6-14-6t / 6t-12-4-12-4 / 6t-12-4-12-4 / 6t-12-4-12-4 / 6t-12-4-12-4 / 4-18-4-18-4 / 4-14-4-14-4t

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Registration number
The International EPD® System:
S-P-00933



THE INTERNATIONAL EPD® SYSTEM





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# General information

**Manufacturer :** Saint-Gobain Glass FRANCE, 12 place de l'Iris, 92096 La Défense **Program used:** The International EPD® System. More information at www.environdec.com

EPD registration/declaration number: S-P-00933

PCR identification: PCR 2019:14 Construction products (EN 15804:2012: A2) version 1.1 and its c-

PCR-009 Flat glass products used in buildings and other construction works (EN17074:2019)

UN CPC code: 371

Product name and manufacturer represented: CLIMATOP produced by SAINT-GOBAIN

GLASSOLUTIONS, with SAINT-GOBAIN GLASS INDUSTRY
Owner of the declaration: SAINT-GOBAIN GLASSOLUTIONS
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CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the Core Product Category Rules (PCR)						
EPD program operator	The International EPD® System. Operated by EPD® International AB. Box 210 60 SE-100 31 Stockholm Sweden www.environdec.com.					
PCR review conducted by	The Technical Committee of the International EPD® System Chair: Claudia A. Peña. Contact via <a href="mailto:info@environdec.com">info@environdec.com</a> "					
LCA and EPD performed by	/ Saint-Gobain LCA central team					
Independent verification of the environmental declaration and data according to standard EN ISO 14025:2010						
Internal	External					
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Accredited or approved by: The International EPD® System						
Procedure for follow-up of data during EPD validity involves third party verifier:						
□ Yes □ No						

The EPD owner has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD.

EPDs within the same product category but from different programs may not be comparable. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804. For further information about comparability, see EN 15804 and ISO 14025.

Disclaimer: EPD of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with EN 15804

# Product description

### Product description and description of use

This Environmental Product Declaration (EPD®) describes the environmental impacts of 1 m² of CLIMATOP with a thermal transmittance of 0,6 W/m².K\*, for an expected average service life of 30 years.

This EPD is an average of all the sites producing the flat glass PLANICLEAR® and the processor sites from SAINT-GOBAIN GLASSOLUTIONS¹ within the EU. This average calculated is a weighted arithmetic mean with data from Austria, France and Spain..

CLIMATOP is a high performing triple glazing unit for building applications (facades. windows ...). CLIMATOP incorporate a low emissivity coating on one face, which gives it its high performing thermal properties. It complies with European standard EN 1279-5.

In this Environmental Product Declaration, one square m<sup>2</sup> of 13 different glazing configurations will be analyzed:

CLIMATOP 4-14-4-14-4 CLIMATOP 4-16-4-16-4 CLIMATOP 4-18-4-18-4 CLIMATOP 4-14-4-14-4t CLIMATOP 6-12-4-12-4 CLIMATOP 6t-14-6-14-6t CLIMATOP 6t-12-4-12-4 CLIMATOP 33.2-10-4-10-4 CLIMATOP 6t-12-4-12-44.2 CLIMATOP 66.2-12-4-12-4 CLIMATOP 6t6t.4-12-4-12-4 CLIMATOP 3-16-2-16-3 CLIMATOP 3-16-3-16-3

	Name	CLIMATOP 4-14-4-14-4	CLIMATOP 4-16-4-16-4	CLIMATOP 4-18-4-18-4	CLIMATOP 4-14-4-14-4t	CLIMATOP 6-12-4-12-4	CLIMATOP 6t-14-6-14-6t
GLAZING ONE	Flat glass	PLANICLEAR 4 mm	PLANICLEAR 4 mm	PLANICLEAR 4 mm	PLANICLEAR 4 mm	PLANICLEAR 6 mm	SECURIT 6 mm
COATING	In any face	Two magnetron coating (COOL-LITE, PLANITHERM, BIOCLEAN, VISION-LITE)	Two magnetron coating (COOL-LITE, PLANITHERM , BIOCLEAN, VISION- LITE)	Two magnetron coating (COOL-LITE, PLANITHERM , BIOCLEAN, VISION- LITE)	Two magnetron coating (COOL-LITE, PLANITHERM , BIOCLEAN, VISION- LITE)	Two magnetron coating (COOL-LITE, PLANITHERM , BIOCLEAN, VISION- LITE)	Two magnetron coating (COOL-LITE, PLANITHERM , BIOCLEAN, VISION- LITE)
	Spacer	Aluminium or Warmedge 14 mm	Aluminium or Warmedge 16 mm	Aluminium or Warmedge 18 mm	Aluminium or Warmedge 14 mm	Aluminium or Warmedge 12 mm	Aluminium or Warmedge 14 mm
CAVITY	Gaz Sealant	Air or Argon Butyl, Polyurethane or polysulfide or silicone	Air or Argon Butyl, Polyurethane or polysulfide or silicone	Air or Argon Butyl, Polyurethane or polysulfide or silicone	Air or Argon Butyl, Polyurethane or polysulfide or silicone	Air or Argon Butyl, Polyurethane or polysulfide or silicone	Air or Argon Butyl, Polyurethane or polysulfide or silicone
GLAZING TWO	Flat glass	PLANICLEAR 4 mm	PLANICLEAR 4 mm	PLANICLEAR 4 mm	PLANICLEAR 4 mm	PLANICLEAR 4 mm	PLANICLEAR 6 mm
	Spacer	Aluminium or Warmedge 14 mm	Aluminium or Warmedge 16 mm	Aluminium or Warmedge 18 mm	Aluminium or Warmedge 14 mm	Aluminium or Warmedge 12 mm	Aluminium or Warmedge 14 mm
CAVITY	Gaz Sealant	Air or Argon Butyl, Polyurethane or polysulfide or silicone	Air or Argon Butyl, Polyurethane or polysulfide or silicone	Air or Argon Butyl, Polyurethane or polysulfide or silicone	Air or Argon Butyl, Polyurethane or polysulfide or silicone	Air or Argon Butyl, Polyurethane or polysulfide or silicone	Air or Argon Butyl, Polyurethane or polysulfide or silicone
GLAZING THREE	Flat glass	PLANICLEAR 4 mm	PLANICLEAR 4 mm	PLANICLEAR 4 mm	SECURIT 4 mm	PLANICLEAR 4 mm	SECURIT 6 mm

<sup>1</sup> Countries considered for the production of CLIMALIT®: Poland, Romania, England, Estonia, Belgium, Spain, France, Portugal, Slovakia, Czech Republic

<sup>\*</sup>Check table 1, below, with all the performance data according to the configuration

	Name	CLIMATOP 6t-12-4-12-4	CLIMATOP 33.2-10-4-10-4	CLIMATOP 6t-12-4-12-44.2	CLIMATOP 66.2-12-4-12-4	CLIMATOP 6t6t.4-12-4-12-4
		01-12-4-12-4	33.2-10-4-10-4	01-12-4-12-44.2	00.2-12-4-12-4	0101.4-12-4-12-4
	Flat glass	SECURIT 6 mm	PLANICLEAR 3 mm	SECURIT 6 mm	PLANICLEAR 6 mm	SECURIT 6 mm
GLAZING ONE	PVB		2 PVB sheets (Standard, Acoustic or structural) from 0.38 mm each		2 PVB sheets (Standard, Acoustic or structural) from 0.38 mm each	4 PVB sheets (Standard, Acoustic or structural) from 0.38 mm each
	Flat glass		PLANICLEAR 3 mm		PLANICLEAR 6 mm	SECURIT 6 mm
COATING	In any face		Two magnetron coating (COOL-LITE, PLANITHERM, BIOCLEAN, VISION-LITE)		Two magnetron coating (COOL-LITE, PLANITHERM, BIOCLEAN, VISION-LITE)	
	Space r	Aluminium or Warmedge 12 mm	Aluminium or Warmedge 10 mm	Aluminium or Warmedge 12 mm	Aluminium or Warmedge 12 mm	Aluminium or Warmedge 12 mm
CAVITY	Gaz	Air or Argon	Air or Argon	Air or Argon	Air or Argon	Air or Argon
	Seala nt	Butyl, Polyurethane or polysulfide or silicone	Butyl, Polyurethane or polysulfide or silicone	Butyl, Polyurethane or polysulfide or silicone	Butyl, Polyurethane or polysulfide or silicone	Butyl, Polyurethane or polysulfide or silicone
GLAZING TWO	Flat glass	PLANICLEAR 4 mm	PLANICLEAR 4 mm	PLANICLEAR 4 mm	PLANICLEAR 4 mm	SECURIT 6 mm
COATING	In any face	Two magnetron coating (COOL-LITE, PLANITHERM, BIOCLEAN, VISION-LITE)	7 11111	Two magnetron coating (COOL-LITE, PLANITHERM, BIOCLEAN, VISION-LITE)	711111	Two magnetron coating (COOL-LITE, PLANITHERM, BIOCLEAN, VISION-LITE)
	Space r	Aluminium or Warmedge 12 mm	Aluminium or Warmedge 10 mm	Aluminium or Warmedge 12 mm	Aluminium or Warmedge 12 mm	Aluminium or Warmedge 12 mm
CAVITY	Gaz Seala nt	Air or Argon Butyl, Polyurethane or polysulfide or silicone	Air or Argon Butyl, Polyurethane or polysulfide or silicone	Air or Argon Butyl, Polyurethane or polysulfide or silicone	Air or Argon Butyl, Polyurethane or polysulfide or silicone	Air or Argon Butyl, Polyurethane or polysulfide or silicone
	Flat	PLANICLEAR	PLANICLEAR	PLANICLEAR	PLANICLEAR	PLANICLEAR
GLAZING THREE	glass	4 mm 2 PVB sheets (Standard, Acoustic or structural) from 0.38 mm each	4 mm	4 mm 2 PVB sheets (Standard, Acoustic or structural) from 0.38 mm each	4 mm	4 mm
	Flat glass	PLANICLEAR 4 mm		PLANICLEAR 4 mm		

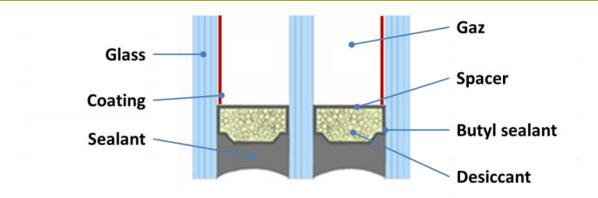
#### Performance data

All detailed performances can be found on Calumen (http://calumenlive.com/), Saint-Gobain's software for energy & visible parameters calculation. The range of CLIMATOP is very large, depending on the coating and the gaz. Here is example of configuration of some product described in this EPD.

The performance data are given according to the EN 410-2011 standard.

	N° 1	N° 2	N° 3	N° 4	N° 5
	CLIMATOP 4-14-4-14-4	CLIMATOP 4-16-4-16-4	CLIMATOP 33.2-10-4-10-4	CLIMATOP 4-18-4-18-4	CLIMATOP 4-14-4-14-4t
Details for this specific calculation - Coating - Gaz of the cavity - PVB (if any)	- PLANITHERM coating in face 2 and 5 - Argon 90%	- PLANITHERM coating in face 2 and 5 - Argon 90%	- PLANITHERM coating in face 2 and 5 - Argon 90% - PVB standard	- PLANITHERM coating in face 2 and 5 - Argon 90%	- PLANITHERM coating in face 2 and 5 - Argon 90%
Mechanical properties					1
Nominal thickness	40	44	34.8	48	40
Weight (kg/m²)	30	30	35.8	30	30
Visible parameters					
Light transmittance (LT) %	73.1	73.1	72.2	73.1	73.1
External light reflection (RLE) (%)	16.9	16.9	16.6	16.9	16.9
Thermal properties					
Energy transmittance (ET) %	54.3	54.3	50.7	54.3	54.3
Energy absorbance (EA) %	13.4	13.4	22.8	13.4	13.4
Solar factor g	0.62	0.62	0.58	0.62	0.62
Thermal transmittance Ug (W/m².K)	0,6	0,6	0,8	0,5	0,6
Safety properties					
Class EN 356 (protection	NPD	NPD		NPD	NPD
against vandalism and			P1A		
burglary)					
Acoustics properties					
Rw(C;Ctr) (real test)	28(-1;-5)	32(-2;-5)	33(0;-4)	30(-2;-6)	28(-1;-5)

### Declaration of the main product components and/or materials



Components	Weight (in %)	Comments
Glass	95%	CAS number 65997-17-3, EINECS number 266-046-0
Coating	<0,01%	Metal oxides, which bring all the thermal properties to the glazing
Butyl sealant	0,15%	First line of defence for the hermetic seal.
Sealant (polyurethane or polysulfide or silicone)	1,5%	Applied on the outside of the unit. It performs several roles, chief among them of providing structural strength.
Spacer bar (aluminium or plastic composite, called warm-edge)	1,5%	A frame that separates the two panels of glass, creating a cavity.
Desiccant	1,5%%	A silicon material used in the spacer bar to dry up moisture trapped within the cavity
Gaz	0,15%	Dehydrated air, argon, krypton or xenon
PVB interlayer (if two layers)	0,3 %	To give safety and acoustic properties to the glazing

#### Packaging and product used: None

For any glazing without laminated glass or with laminated glass (PVB interlayer)
There is no "Substance of Very High Concern" (SVHC) in concentration above 0.1% by weight, and neither do their packaging, following the European REACH regulation (Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals).

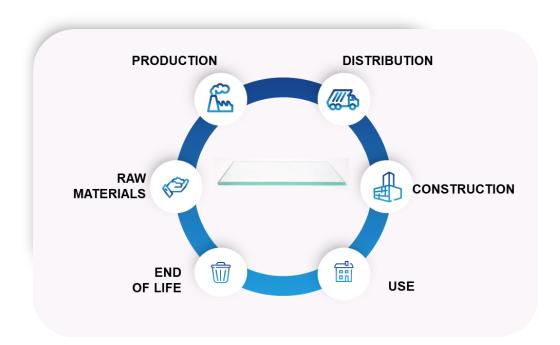
# LCA calculation information

FUNCTIONAL UNIT / DECLARED UNIT	1 m² of CLIMATOP with a thermal transmittance of 0,6 W/m².K for an expected average service life of 30 years.
SYSTEM BOUNDARIES	Cradle to grave and module D Mandatory Stages = A1-A3; B1-B7; C1-C4 and D
REFERENCE SERVICE LIFE (RSL)	According to PCR EN 17074:2019, the reference service life is 30 years
CUT-OFF RULES	All significant parameters shall be included. According to EN 15804, mass flows under 1% of the total mass input; and/or energy flows representing less than 1% of the total primary energy usage of the associated unit process may be omitted. However, the total amount of energy and mass omitted must not exceed 5% per module.  The energy used for the installation of 1m² of glass and the transport glass racks are included in the cut-off-rules
ALLOCATIONS	Allocations are done on mass basis (kg)
GEOGRAPHICAL COVERAGE AND TIME PERIOD	The information was compiled for the year 2019 for GLASSOLUTIONS plants in Europe The information collected comes from European sites producing insulating glass solutions as well as from SAINT-GOBAIN GLASS INDUSTRY data for magnetron coated glass and for PLANICLEAR and DIAMANT.
BACKGROUND DATA SOURCE	GaBi data were used to evaluate the environmental impacts. The data are representative of the years 2015-2019.
SOFTWARE	Gabi 9.2.0 - GaBi envision

According to EN 15804, EPD of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with this standard. According to ISO 21930, EPD might not be comparable if they are from different programmes.

## Life cycle stages

#### Flow diagram of the Life Cycle



### Product stage, A1-A3

For flat glass A1 to A3 represents the production of glass in the float from cradle to gate.

Description of the stage: the product stage of flat glass is subdivided into 3 modules A1, A2 and A3 respectively "Raw material supply", "transport to manufacturer" and "manufacturing".

#### A1, raw material supply.

This includes the extraction and processing of all raw materials and energy which occur upstream from the manufacturing process.

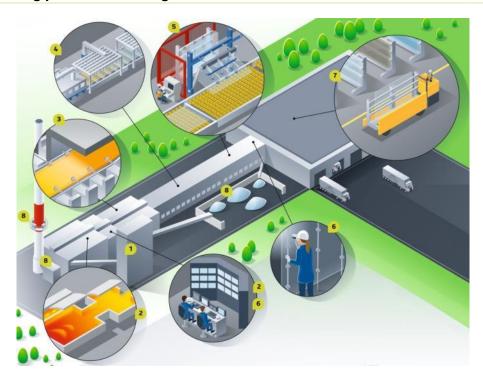
#### A2, transport to the manufacturer.

The raw materials are transported to the manufacturing site. The modelling includes road, boat and/or train transportations of each raw material.

#### A3, manufacturing.

This module includes the manufacture of products and the manufacture of packaging. The production of packaging material is taken into account at this stage. The processing of any waste arising from this stage is also included.

The product stage includes the extraction and processing of raw materials and energies, transport to the manufacturer, manufacturing and processing of flat glass.



- 1. **BATCH MIXER:** Mix of raw materials (silica, soda ash, lime, feldspar and dolomite) to which is added recycled glass (cullet) and other compounds depending on the desired color and properties.
- 2. **FUSION FURNACE**: Raw materials are melted at 1,550°C in a furnace.
- 3. **FLOAT:** The molten glass is fed into a bath of molten tin. The glass floats on this flat surface and is drawn off in a ribbon. Serrated wheels, or top rolls, pull and push the glass sideways depending on the desired thickness (from 3 to 19 millimeters).
- 4. **Annealing Lehr:** The glass is lifted onto conveyor rollers and passes through a controlled cooling tunnel measuring more than 100 meters in length. Approximately 600°C at the start of this step, the glass exits the lehr at room temperature.
- 5. **CUTTING AND STACKING:** The glass is automatically cut lengthwise and crosswise. The sheets of glass are raised by vacuum frames that then place them on glass stillages.
- 6. **QUALITY:** Automatic inspections and regular samples are taken to check the quality of the glass at each step in the glassmaking process.
- 7. **STORAGE AND TRANSPORTATION:** The stillages are placed on storage racks in the warehouse.
- 8. **Environment**: Use of recycled cullet, installation of pollution abatement systems and closed circuit management of water: every measure is taken to limit the consumption of energy, extraction of natural resources, production of waste and emissions into the atmosphere.

After the production, coatings are applied off-line independently of the float glass manufacturing process, with two additional steps, which will give most of the thermal properties of the glazing:

- **1- CLEANING:** the sheet of glass is cleaned in the automatic washing machine using roller brushes, sprays, scrubbing bridges and air knives. It is essential that the surface is perfectly clean to avoid any coating defects.
- **2. MAGNETRON COATINGS:** the glass passes through a tightly sealed pumping chamber, in which the vacuum is formed. Multiple layers of metals, metal and non-metal oxides and nitrides are then applied to the glass using a magnetically enhanced cathodic sputtering method. The resultant nanoscopically thin and transparent coating offers thermal insulation, solar control properties...

#### TRIPLE-GLAZING PRODUCTION

Once the glass has been cut and edgeworked, the sheets are first washed and dried to remove all dirty particles. Two sheets are separated by an aluminum spacerbar or thermally insulating material. They are then sealed around the perimeter using organic seals, and the spacer bar is filled with desiccant to dry the air in the cavity. A secondary seal is then applied to hermetically seal the double-glazed unit. The process is done a second time, to create a triple glazed unit.

The flat glass is transported on dedicated racks, used many times. This racks are not included in the life cycle of the product.

### Construction process stage, A4-A5

**Description of the stage**: The construction process is divided into 2 modules: A4, transport to the building site and A5, installation in the building.

#### A4, Transport to the building site:

This module includes transport from the production gate to the building site.

Transport is calculated on the basis of a scenario with the parameters described in the following table.

PARAMETER	VALUE/DESCRIPTION
Fuel type and consumption of vehicle or vehicle type used for transport e.g. long distance truck, boat, etc.	Average truck trailer with a 27t payload, diesel consumption 38 liters for 100 km
Distance	500km
Capacity utilisation (including empty returns)	100% of the capacity in volume 30 % of empty returns in mass
Bulk density of transported products*	2500 kg/m3
Volume capacity utilisation factor	< 1

#### A5, Installation in the building:

The accompanying table quantifies the parameters for installing the product at the building site. All installation materials and their waste processing are included.

PARAMETER	VALUE
Ancillary materials for installation (specified by materials)	According to PCR NF EN 17074, none ancillary materials considered
Other resource use	None
Quantitative description of energy type (regional mix) and consumption during the installation process	According to EN 15804+A1, the energy needed during the installation is less than 0,1% of the total life cycle energy. It's include in the cut-off-rules.
Wastage of materials on the building site before waste processing, generated by the product's installation (specified by type)	According to PCR EN 17074, no waste is considered.
Output materials (specified by type) as results of waste processing at the building site e.g. of collection for recycling, for energy recovering, disposal (specified by route)	None
Direct emissions to ambient air, soil and water	None

## Use stage (excluding potential savings), B1-B7

Description of the stage: The use stage is divided into the following modules:

B1: Use

**B2: Maintenance** 

**B3: Repair** 

B4: Replacement

**B5: Refurbishment** 

**B6: Operational energy use** 

**B7: Operational water use** 

The product has a reference service life of 30 years. This assumes that the product will last in situ with no requirements for repair, replacement or refurbishment throughout this period. Therefore, it has no impact at this stage, except for maintenance.

According to PCR EN 17074, only the maintenance by cleaning glass with water and cleaning agent is included in this study.

#### Maintenance parameters, B2:

PARAMETER	VALUE (expressed per functional/declared unit)
Maintenance process	Water and cleaning agent
Maintenance cycle	Annual average
Ancillary materials for maintenance (e.g. cleaning agent, specify materials)	cleaning agent : 0,001 kg/m² of glass/year
Wastage material during maintenance (specify materials)	0 kg
Net fresh water consumption during maintenance	0,2 kg/m² of glass/year
Energy input during maintenance (e.g. vacuum cleaning), energy carrier type, (e.g. electricity) and amount, if applicable and relevant	None required during product lifetime

### End of Life Stage, C1-C4

Description of the stage: This stage includes the next modules:

C1: Deconstruction, demolition

C2: Transport to waste processing

C3: Waste processing for reuse, recovery and/or recycling

C4: Disposal

End of life scenario used in this study is:

- 100% of glass is landfilled and the distance to the landfill site considered is 50 km.

Description of the scenarios and additional technical information:

#### End of life:

Thickness (mm)	CLIMATOP 4-14-4-14-4	CLIMATOP 4-16-4-16-4	CLIMATOP 4-18-4-18-4	CLIMATOP 4-14-4-14-4t	CLIMATOP 6-12-4-12-4	CLIMATOP 6t-14-6-14-6t
Collection process specified by type	30	30	30	30	35	45
Recovery system specified by type	0	0	0	0	0	0
Disposal specified by type	30	30	30	30	35	45

Thickness (mm)	CLIMATOP 6t-12-4-12-4	CLIMATOP 33.2-10-4-10-4	CLIMATOP 6t-12-4-12-44.2	CLIMATOP 66.2-12-4-12-4	CLIMATOP 6t6t.4-12-4-12-4
Collection process specified by type	35	35,8	45,8	50,8	51,6
Recovery system specified by type	0	0	0	0	0
Disposal specified by type	35	35,8	45,8	50,8	51,6

Thickness (mm)	CLIMATOP 3-16-2-16-3	CLIMATOP 3-16-3-16-3
Collection process specified by type	20	22,5
Recovery system specified by type	0	0
Disposal specified by type	20	22,5

Assumptions for scenario development (e.g. transportation): 50 km transport to landfill

## Reuse/recovery/recycling potential, D

Description of the stage: An end of life recycling 0% (100% of glass wastes are landfilled) has been assumed using local demolition waste data and adjusted considering the recyclability of the product.

## LCA results

Product Environmental Footprint (PEF) method has been used as the impact model. Specific data has been supplied by the plant, and generic data come from GABI and Ecoinvent databases.

All emissions to air, water, and soil, and all materials and energy used have been included.

Raw materials and energy consumption, as well as transport distances have been taken directly from the manufacturing plant (Production data according 2019)

All result tables refer to a functional unit of 1 m<sup>2</sup> of CLIMATOP and an expected average service life of 30 years.

		ODU TAGI		CONSTRI STA	JCTION GE			USE	E STA	(GE			EI	ND OI STA	F LIFI GE	E	BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY
	Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-recovery	
Module	A1	A2	АЗ	A4	A5	B1	B2	ВЗ	B4	B5	B6	В7	C1	C2	СЗ	C4	D
Module declared	Χ	Χ	X	X	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	X	Χ	Χ	X
Geography								ı	EU-27								
Specific data used				<90%		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variation products			Not	t relevant		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variation sites for float glass			-4%	% to < 1%		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

According to the PCR, the variation for the GWP indicators has been calculated for the different sites and compared to the product groups formed as averages (similar products from different plants). The variation between the different manufacturing sites and the average is from -4% to <1%. The variation of the sites comes from energy efficiency and the energy consumption of the countries.

				EN∖	/IRONMENT	AL IMPAC	TS 3-1	16-3-16	6-3							
		Product stage	Construc process s				Use s	stage					End-of-l	ife stage		ery,
	Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
( **)	Climate Change [kg CO2 eq.]	4,34E+01	5,73E-01	0	0	9,50E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,73E-02	0	3,29E-01	0
(**)	Climate Change (fossil) [kg CO2 eq.]	4,28E+01	5,69E-01	0	0	8,08E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,69E-02	0	3,56E-01	0
<b>(3)</b>	Climate Change (biogenic) [kg CO2 eq.]	5,85E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(**)	Climate Change (land use change) [kg CO2 eq.]	2,85E-02	4,66E-03	0	0	7,28E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,66E-04	0	1,02E-03	0
	Ozone depletion [kg CFC-11 eq.]	5,07E-07	6,92E-17	0	0	4,39E-09	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,92E-18	0	1,32E-15	0
<b>4</b>	Acidification terrestrial and freshwater [Mole of H+ eq.]	2,04E-01	2,44E-03	0	0	4,99E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,44E-04	0	2,55E-03	0
Av.	Eutrophication freshwater [kg P eq.]	1,41E-04	1,75E-06	0	0	3,23E-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,75E-07	0	6,11E-07	0
	Eutrophication marine [kg N eq.]	4,53E-02	1,15E-03	0	0	5,33E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,15E-04	0	6,57E-04	0
	Eutrophication terrestrial [Mole of N eq.]	5,47E-01	1,27E-02	0	0	1,38E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,27E-03	0	7,22E-03	0
	Photochemical ozone formation - human health [kg NMVOC eq.]	1,22E-01	3,08E-03	0	0	3,22E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,08E-04	0	1,99E-03	0
	Resource use, mineral and metals [kg Sb eq.]	8,84E-05	4,13E-08	0	0	2,55E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,13E-09	0	3,20E-08	0
	Resource use, energy carriers [MJ]	6,18E+02	7,66E+0 0	0	0	1,38E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,66E-01	0	4,67E+00	0
	Water scarcity [m³ world equiv.]	5,60E+00	5,14E-03	0	0	3,27E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,14E-04	0	3,73E-02	0

					RE	SOURCE USE	3-16	3-16-3								
		Product stage	Construction stage					Use stage					End-of-l	ife stage		ary,
	Parameters	A1 / A2 / A3	A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
*	Use of renewable primary energy (PERE) [MJ]	1,05E+02	4,31E-01	0	0	7,69E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,31E-02	0	6,12E-01	0
*	Primary energy resources used as raw materials (PERM) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	otal use of renewable primary nergy resources (PERT) [MJ]	1,05E+02	4,31E-01	0	0	7,69E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,31E-02	0	6,12E-01	0
	Use of non-renewable primary energy (PENRE) [MJ]	6,03E+02	7,67E+00	0	0	1,38E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,67E-01	0	4,67E+00	0
O	Non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PENRM) [MJ]	1,54E+01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT) [MJ]	6,18E+02	7,67E+00	0	0	1,48E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,67E-01	0	4,67E+00	0
<b>3</b>	Input of secondary material (SM) [kg]	2,81E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>%</b>	Use of renewable secondary fuels (RSF) [MJ]	3,82E-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>%</b>	Use of non-renewable secondary fuels (NRSF) [MJ]	4,48E-10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	Use of net fresh water (FW) [m3]	2,18E-01	4,99E-04	0	0	7,61E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,99E-05	0	1,18E-03	0

					WA	STE CATE	GORIES	3-16-3-1	6-3							
		Product stage	Construction process s					Use stage					End-of-lif	ie stage		эгу,
	Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recyding
	Hazardous waste disposed (HWD) [kg]	1,13E-06	3,57E-07	0	0	7,69E-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,57E-08	0	7,12E-08	0
Ÿ	Non-hazardous waste disposed (NHWD) [kg]	2,15E+00	1,17E-03	0	0	6,47E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,17E-04	0	2,35E+01	0
	Radioactive waste disposed (RWD) [kg]	2,65E-02	9,49E-06	0	0	2,84E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	9,49E-07	0	5,31E-05	0

				(	OUTPUT	FLOWS 3	-16-3-16-	3							
	Product stage		truction ss stage				Use stage					End-of-l	ife stage		ery,
Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
Components for re-use (CRU) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Materials for Recycling (MFR) [kg]	9,00E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Material for Energy Recovery (MER) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported electrical energy (EEE) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported thermal energy (EET) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

				EΝ\	/IRONMENT	AL IMPAC	TS 3-1	16-2-16	6-3							
		Product stage	Construct process s				Use s	tage					End-of-l	ife stage		ery,
	Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
(3)	Climate Change [kg CO2 eq.]	4,03E+01	5,12E-01	0	0	9,50E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,12E-02	0	2,94E-01	0
(*)	Climate Change (fossil) [kg CO2 eq.]	3,97E+01	5,08E-01	0	0	8,08E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,08E-02	0	3,18E-01	0
<b>3</b>	Climate Change (biogenic) [kg CO2 eq.]	5,30E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>(3)</b>	Climate Change (land use change) [kg CO2 eq.]	2,73E-02	4,16E-03	0	0	7,28E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,16E-04	0	9,15E-04	0
<b>3</b>	Ozone depletion [kg CFC-11 eq.]	5,06E-07	6,18E-17	0	0	4,39E-09	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,18E-18	0	1,18E-15	0
<b>45</b>	Acidification terrestrial and freshwater [Mole of H+ eq.]	1,87E-01	2,18E-03	0	0	4,99E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,18E-04	0	2,28E-03	0
	Eutrophication freshwater [kg P eq.]	1,38E-04	1,56E-06	0	0	3,23E-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,56E-07	0	5,46E-07	0
	Eutrophication marine [kg N eq.]	4,13E-02	1,02E-03	0	0	5,33E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,02E-04	0	5,87E-04	0
	Eutrophication terrestrial [Mole of N eq.]	4,98E-01	1,14E-02	0	0	1,38E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,14E-03	0	6,45E-03	0
	Photochemical ozone formation - human health [kg NMVOC eq.]	1,12E-01	2,75E-03	0	0	3,22E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,75E-04	0	1,78E-03	0
	Resource use, mineral and metals [kg Sb eq.]	8,81E-05	3,69E-08	0	0	2,55E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,69E-09	0	2,86E-08	0
	Resource use, energy carriers [MJ]	5,77E+02	6,85E+0 0	0	0	1,38E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,85E-01	0	4,17E+00	0
	Water scarcity [m³ world equiv.]	5,34E+00	4,60E-03	0	0	3,27E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,60E-04	0	3,33E-02	0

					RE	SOURCE USE	∃ 3-16·	2-16-3								
		Product stage	Construction stage					Use stage					End-of-l	ife stage		ery,
	Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
*	Use of renewable primary energy (PERE) [MJ]	1,02E+02	3,85E-01	0	0	7,69E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,85E-02	0	5,46E-01	0
*	Primary energy resources used as raw materials (PERM) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	otal use of renewable primary nergy resources (PERT) [MJ]	1,02E+02	3,85E-01	0	0	7,69E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,85E-02	0	5,46E-01	0
	Use of non-renewable primary energy (PENRE) [MJ]	5,62E+02	6,85E+00	0	0	1,38E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,85E-01	0	4,18E+00	0
O	Non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PENRM) [MJ]	1,54E+01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT) [MJ]	5,77E+02	6,85E+00	0	0	1,48E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,85E-01	0	4,18E+00	0
<b>3</b>	Input of secondary material (SM) [kg]	2,50E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>%</b>	Use of renewable secondary fuels (RSF) [MJ]	3,39E-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Use of non-renewable secondary fuels (NRSF) [MJ]	3,98E-10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	Use of net fresh water (FW) [m3]	2,11E-01	4,46E-04	0	0	7,61E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,46E-05	0	1,05E-03	0

					WA	STE CATE	GORIES	3-16-2-1	6-3							
		Product stage	Construct process st					Use stage					End-of-lif	e stage		ery,
	Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
	Hazardous waste disposed (HWD) [kg]	1,06E-06	3,19E-07	0	0	7,69E-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,19E-08	0	6,36E-08	0
V	Non-hazardous waste disposed (NHWD) [kg]	2,07E+00	1,05E-03	0	0	6,47E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,05E-04	0	2,10E+01	0
	Radioactive waste disposed (RWD) [kg]	2,59E-02	8,48E-06	0	0	2,84E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,48E-07	0	4,74E-05	0

				(	OUTPUT	FLOWS 3	-16-2-16-	3							
	Product stage		truction ss stage				Use stage					End-of-li	fe stage		əry,
Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
Components for re-use (CRU) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Materials for Recycling (MFR) [kg]	9,00E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Material for Energy Recovery (MER) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported electrical energy (EEE) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported thermal energy (EET) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

				ENV	'IRONMENT	AL IMPAC	TS 4-1	14-4-1	4-4							
		Product stage	Construct process st				Use s	stage					End-of-l	ife stage		ery,
	Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
(**)	Climate Change [kg CO2 eq.]	5,18E+01	7,53E-01	0	0	9,50E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,53E-02	0	4,32E-01	0
(**)	Climate Change (fossil) [kg CO2 eq.]	5,11E+01	7,48E-01	0	0	8,08E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,48E-02	0	4,68E-01	0
(**)	Climate Change (biogenic) [kg CO2 eq.]	7,46E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>(3)</b>	Climate Change (land use change) [kg CO2 eq.]	3,15E-02	6,13E-03	0	0	7,28E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,13E-04	0	1,35E-03	0
<b>3</b>	Ozone depletion [kg CFC-11 eq.]	5,09E-07	9,10E-17	0	0	4,39E-09	0	0	0	0	0	0	9,10E-18	0	1,74E-15	0
<b>3</b>	Acidification terrestrial and freshwater [Mole of H+ eq.]	2,51E-01	3,21E-03	0	0	4,99E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,21E-04	0	3,36E-03	0
ALC:	Eutrophication freshwater [kg P eq.]	1,37E-04	2,30E-06	0	0	3,23E-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,30E-07	0	8,04E-07	0
	Eutrophication marine [kg N eq.]	5,66E-02	1,51E-03	0	0	5,33E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,51E-04	0	8,65E-04	0
	Eutrophication terrestrial [Mole of N eq.]	6,88E-01	1,68E-02	0	0	1,38E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,68E-03	0	9,50E-03	0
**	Photochemical ozone formation - human health [kg NMVOC eq.]	1,51E-01	4,05E-03	0	0	3,22E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,05E-04	0	2,62E-03	0
	Resource use, mineral and metals [kg Sb eq.]	8,80E-05	5,43E-08	0	0	2,55E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,43E-09	0	4,20E-08	0
	Resource use, energy carriers [MJ]	7,27E+02	1,01E+01	0	0	1,38E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,01E+00	0	6,14E+00	0
	Water scarcity [m³ world equiv.]	6,24E+00	6,77E-03	0	0	3,27E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,77E-04	0	4,91E-02	0

					RES	SOURCE USE	4-14-4	l-14-4								
		Product stage	Construction   stage					Use stage					End-of-l	ife stage		ery,
	Parameters	A1 / A2 / A3	A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
*	Use of renewable primary energy (PERE) [MJ]	1,10E+02	5,66E-01	0	0	7,69E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,66E-02	0	8,04E-01	0
*	Primary energy resources used as raw materials (PERM) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	otal use of renewable primary nergy resources (PERT) [MJ]	1,10E+02	5,66E-01	0	0	7,69E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,66E-02	0	8,04E-01	0
	Use of non-renewable primary energy (PENRE) [MJ]	7,14E+02	1,01E+01	0	0	1,38E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,01E+00	0	6,15E+00	0
O	Non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PENRM) [MJ]	1,39E+01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT) [MJ]	7,28E+02	1,01E+01	0	0	1,48E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,01E+00	0	6,15E+00	0
<b>3</b>	Input of secondary material (SM) [kg]	3,74E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>%</b>	Use of renewable secondary fuels (RSF) [MJ]	5,09E-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>%</b>	Use of non-renewable secondary fuels (NRSF) [MJ]	5,97E-10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	Use of net fresh water (FW) [m3]	2,33E-01	6,56E-04	0	0	7,61E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,56E-05	0	1,55E-03	0

					WA	STE CATE	GORIES	S 4-14-4-1	4-4							
		Product stage	Construct process st					Use stage					End-of-lif	e stage		эгу,
	Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
	Hazardous waste disposed (HWD) [kg]	1,32E-06	4,69E-07	0	0	7,69E-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,69E-08	0	9,37E-08	0
(V	Non-hazardous waste disposed (NHWD) [kg]	2,28E+00	1,54E-03	0	0	6,47E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,54E-04	0	3,09E+01	0
± 1	Radioactive waste disposed (RWD) [kg]	2,79E-02	1,25E-05	0	0	2,84E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,25E-06	0	6,98E-05	0

				C	DUTPUT	FLOWS 4	-14-4-14-4	4							
	Product stage		truction ss stage				Use stage					End-of-l	life stage		ery,
Parameters	A1/A2/A3	A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
Components for re-use (CRU) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Materials for Recycling (MFR) [kg]	8,20E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Material for Energy Recovery (MER) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported electrical energy (EEE) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported thermal energy (EET) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

				ENV	/IRONMENT	TAL IMPAC	TS 4-1	16-4-16	6-4							
		Product stage	Construction process s				Use s	stage					End-of-l	ife stage		ery,
	Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
(*)	Climate Change [kg CO2 eq.]	5,27E+01	7,56E-01	0	0	9,50E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,56E-02	0	4,34E-01	0
<b>(39</b>	Climate Change (fossil) [kg CO2 eq.]	5,19E+01	7,51E-01	0	0	8,08E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,51E-02	0	4,70E-01	0
(5)	Climate Change (biogenic) [kg CO2 eq.]	7,49E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>(3)</b>	Climate Change (land use change) [kg CO2 eq.]	3,22E-02	6,15E-03	0	0	7,28E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,15E-04	0	1,35E-03	0
<b>3</b>	Ozone depletion [kg CFC-11 eq.]	5,10E-07	9,13E-17	0	0	4,39E-09	0	0	0	0	0	0	9,13E-18	0	1,74E-15	0
<b>45</b>	Acidification terrestrial and freshwater [Mole of H+ eq.]	2,54E-01	3,22E-03	0	0	4,99E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,22E-04	0	3,37E-03	0
A.	Eutrophication freshwater [kg P eq.]	1,48E-04	2,31E-06	0	0	3,23E-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,31E-07	0	8,07E-07	0
	Eutrophication marine [kg N eq.]	5,71E-02	1,51E-03	0	0	5,33E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,51E-04	0	8,67E-04	0
	Eutrophication terrestrial [Mole of N eq.]	6,94E-01	1,68E-02	0	0	1,38E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,68E-03	0	9,53E-03	0
	Photochemical ozone formation - human health [kg NMVOC eq.]	1,53E-01	4,07E-03	0	0	3,22E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,07E-04	0	2,63E-03	0
	Resource use, mineral and metals [kg Sb eq.]	8,91E-05	5,44E-08	0	0	2,55E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,44E-09	0	4,22E-08	0
	Resource use, energy carriers [MJ]	7,41E+02	1,01E+0 1	0	0	1,38E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,01E+00	0	6,16E+00	0
	Water scarcity [m³ world equiv.]	6,37E+00	6,79E-03	0	0	3,27E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,79E-04	0	4,92E-02	0

					RES	SOURCE USE	4-16-4	l-16-4								
		Product stage	Construction   stage					Use stage					End-of-l	ife stage		əry,
	Parameters	A1 / A2 / A3	A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
*	Use of renewable primary energy (PERE) [MJ]	1,13E+02	5,68E-01	0	0	7,69E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,68E-02	0	8,07E-01	0
*	Primary energy resources used as raw materials (PERM) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	otal use of renewable primary nergy resources (PERT) [MJ]	1,13E+02	5,68E-01	0	0	7,69E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,68E-02	0	8,07E-01	0
	Use of non-renewable primary energy (PENRE) [MJ]	7,25E+02	1,01E+01	0	0	1,38E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,01E+00	0	6,17E+00	0
O	Non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PENRM) [MJ]	1,54E+01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT) [MJ]	7,41E+02	1,01E+01	0	0	1,48E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,01E+00	0	6,17E+00	0
<b>**</b>	Input of secondary material (SM) [kg]	3,74E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Use of renewable secondary fuels (RSF) [MJ]	5,09E-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Use of non-renewable secondary fuels (NRSF) [MJ]	5,97E-10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	Use of net fresh water (FW) [m3]	2,40E-01	6,58E-04	0	0	7,61E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,58E-05	0	1,55E-03	0

					WA	STE CATE	GORIE	S 4-16-4-1	6-4							
		Product stage	Construc process s					Use stage					End-of-lif	e stage		ery,
	Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
	Hazardous waste disposed (HWD) [kg]	1,35E-06	4,71E-07	0	0	7,69E-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,71E-08	0	9,40E-08	0
Ÿ	Non-hazardous waste disposed (NHWD) [kg]	2,41E+00	1,55E-03	0	0	6,47E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,55E-04	0	3,10E+01	0
	Radioactive waste disposed (RWD) [kg]	2,83E-02	1,25E-05	0	0	2,84E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,25E-06	0	7,00E-05	0

				(	DUTPUT	FLOWS 4	4-16-4-16-4	4							
	Product stage		struction ess stage				Use stage					End-of-	life stage		ery,
Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
Components for re-use (CRU) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Materials for Recycling (MFR) [kg]	9,00E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Material for Energy Recovery (MER) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported electrical energy (EEE) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported thermal energy (EET) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

				ENV	'IRONMENT	AL IMPAC	TS 4-1	18-4-18	8-4							
		Product stage	Construct process st				Use s	stage					End-of-l	ife stage		ery,
	Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recyding
(3)	Climate Change [kg CO2 eq.]	5,36E+01	7,58E-01	0	0	9,50E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,58E-02	0	4,35E-01	0
<b>(3)</b>	Climate Change (fossil) [kg CO2 eq.]	5,28E+01	7,53E-01	0	0	8,08E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,53E-02	0	4,71E-01	0
<b>(3)</b>	Climate Change (biogenic) [kg CO2 eq.]	7,53E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>(3)</b>	Climate Change (land use change) [kg CO2 eq.]	3,29E-02	6,17E-03	0	0	7,28E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,17E-04	0	1,36E-03	0
	Ozone depletion [kg CFC-11 eq.]	5,10E-07	9,16E-17	0	0	4,39E-09	0	0	0	0	0	0	9,16E-18	0	1,75E-15	0
<b>45</b>	Acidification terrestrial and freshwater [Mole of H+ eq.]	2,56E-01	3,23E-03	0	0	4,99E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,23E-04	0	3,38E-03	0
A.	Eutrophication freshwater [kg P eq.]	1,58E-04	2,32E-06	0	0	3,23E-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,32E-07	0	8,09E-07	0
	Eutrophication marine [kg N eq.]	5,76E-02	1,52E-03	0	0	5,33E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,52E-04	0	8,70E-04	0
	Eutrophication terrestrial [Mole of N eq.]	7,00E-01	1,69E-02	0	0	1,38E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,69E-03	0	9,56E-03	0
2	Photochemical ozone formation - human health [kg NMVOC eq.]	1,55E-01	4,08E-03	0	0	3,22E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,08E-04	0	2,64E-03	0
	Resource use, mineral and metals [kg Sb eq.]	9,03E-05	5,46E-08	0	0	2,55E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,46E-09	0	4,23E-08	0
	Resource use, energy carriers [MJ]	7,54E+02	1,01E+01	0	0	1,38E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,01E+00	0	6,18E+00	0
	Water scarcity [m³ world equiv.]	6,50E+00	6,81E-03	0	0	3,27E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,81E-04	0	4,94E-02	0

					RE	SOURCE USE	Ē 4-18-	4-18-4								
		Product stage	Construction p					Use stage					End-of-	·life stage		ery,
	Parameters	A1 / A2 / A3	A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
*	Use of renewable primary energy (PERE) [MJ]	1,16E+02	5,70E-01	0	0	7,69E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,70E-02	0	8,10E-01	0
*	Primary energy resources used as raw materials (PERM) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	otal use of renewable primary energy resources (PERT) [MJ]	1,16E+02	5,70E-01	0	0	7,69E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,70E-02	0	8,10E-01	0
	Use of non-renewable primary energy (PENRE) [MJ]	7,37E+02	1,02E+01	0	0	1,38E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,02E+00	0	6,19E+00	0
O	Non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PENRM) [MJ]	1,69E+01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT) [MJ]	7,54E+02	1,02E+01	0	0	1,48E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,02E+00	0	6,19E+00	0
<b>3</b>	Input of secondary material (SM) [kg]	3,74E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Use of renewable secondary fuels (RSF) [MJ]	5,09E-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>%</b>	Use of non-renewable secondary fuels (NRSF) [MJ]	5,97E-10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>(3)</b>	Use of net fresh water (FW) [m3]	2,47E-01	6,60E-04	0	0	7,61E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,60E-05	0	1,56E-03	0

					WA	STE CATE	GORIES	S 4-18-4-1	8-4							
		Product stage	Construct process st					Use stage					End-of-lif	e stage		ery,
	Parameters	A1 / A2 / A3	A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
	Hazardous waste disposed (HWD) [kg]	1,37E-06	4,73E-07	0	0	7,69E-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,73E-08	0	9,43E-08	0
<b>V</b>	Non-hazardous waste disposed (NHWD) [kg]	2,54E+00	1,55E-03	0	0	6,47E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,55E-04	0	3,11E+01	0
	Radioactive waste disposed (RWD) [kg]	2,87E-02	1,26E-05	0	0	2,84E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,26E-06	0	7,03E-05	0

				(	DUTPUT	FLOWS 4	-18-4-18-	4							
	Product stage		truction ss stage				Use stage					End-of-	life stage		ery,
Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
Components for re-use (CRU) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Materials for Recycling (MFR) [kg]	9,80E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Material for Energy Recovery (MER) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported electrical energy (EEE) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported thermal energy (EET) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

				ENV	IRONMENT	AL IMPACT	ΓS 4-1	4-4-14	1-4t							
		Product stage	Construc process s				Use s	tage					End-of-l	ife stage		ery,
	Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recyding
(3)	Climate Change [kg CO2 eq.]	5,58E+01	7,53E-01	0	0	9,50E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,53E-02	0	4,32E-01	0
(*)	Climate Change (fossil) [kg CO2 eq.]	5,48E+01	7,48E-01	0	0	8,08E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,48E-02	0	4,68E-01	0
<b>3</b>	Climate Change (biogenic) [kg CO2 eq.]	9,68E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>(3)</b>	Climate Change (land use change) [kg CO2 eq.]	4,74E-02	6,13E-03	0	0	7,28E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,13E-04	0	1,35E-03	0
<b>3</b>	Ozone depletion [kg CFC-11 eq.]	5,09E-07	9,10E-17	0	0	4,39E-09	0	0	0	0	0	0	9,10E-18	0	1,74E-15	0
<b>45</b>	Acidification terrestrial and freshwater [Mole of H+ eq.]	2,59E-01	3,21E-03	0	0	4,99E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,21E-04	0	3,36E-03	0
	Eutrophication freshwater [kg P eq.]	1,64E-04	2,30E-06	0	0	3,23E-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,30E-07	0	8,04E-07	0
	Eutrophication marine [kg N eq.]	5,98E-02	1,51E-03	0	0	5,33E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,51E-04	0	8,65E-04	0
	Eutrophication terrestrial [Mole of N eq.]	7,22E-01	1,68E-02	0	0	1,38E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,68E-03	0	9,50E-03	0
	Photochemical ozone formation - human health [kg NMVOC eq.]	1,60E-01	4,05E-03	0	0	3,22E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,05E-04	0	2,62E-03	0
	Resource use, mineral and metals [kg Sb eq.]	9,01E-05	5,43E-08	0	0	2,55E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,43E-09	0	4,20E-08	0
	Resource use, energy carriers [MJ]	8,15E+02	1,01E+0 1	0	0	1,38E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,01E+00	0	6,14E+00	0
	Water scarcity [m³ world equiv.]	8,40E+00	6,77E-03	0	0	3,27E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,77E-04	0	4,91E-02	0

					RE	SOURCE USE	4-14-	4-14-4t								
		Product stage	Construction stage					Use stage					End-of-l	ife stage		ary,
	Parameters	A1 / A2 / A3	A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
*	Use of renewable primary energy (PERE) [MJ]	1,95E+02	5,66E-01	0	0	7,69E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,66E-02	0	8,04E-01	0
*	Primary energy resources used as raw materials (PERM) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	otal use of renewable primary nergy resources (PERT) [MJ]	1,95E+02	5,66E-01	0	0	7,69E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,66E-02	0	8,04E-01	0
	Use of non-renewable primary energy (PENRE) [MJ]	8,01E+02	1,01E+01	0	0	1,38E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,01E+00	0	6,15E+00	0
O	Non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PENRM) [MJ]	1,39E+01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT) [MJ]	8,15E+02	1,01E+01	0	0	1,48E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,01E+00	0	6,15E+00	0
<b>3</b>	Input of secondary material (SM) [kg]	3,74E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>%</b>	Use of renewable secondary fuels (RSF) [MJ]	5,09E-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>%</b>	Use of non-renewable secondary fuels (NRSF) [MJ]	5,97E-10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	Use of net fresh water (FW) [m3]	3,11E-01	6,56E-04	0	0	7,61E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,56E-05	0	1,55E-03	0

					WA	STE CATE	GORIES	3 4-14-4-1	4-4t							
		Product stage	Construct process st					Use stage					End-of-lif	e stage		эгу,
Parameters			A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
	Hazardous waste disposed (HWD) [kg]	1,81E-06	4,69E-07	0	0	7,69E-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,69E-08	0	9,37E-08	0
	Non-hazardous waste disposed (NHWD) [kg]	2,51E+00	1,54E-03	0	0	6,47E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,54E-04	0	3,09E+01	0
	Radioactive waste disposed (RWD) [kg]	4,50E-02	1,25E-05	0	0	2,84E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,25E-06	0	6,98E-05	0

				(	DUTPUT F	-LOWS 4	-14-4-14-4	4t							
	Product stage		truction ss stage				Use stage					əry,			
Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
Components for re-use (CRU) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Materials for Recycling (MFR) [kg]	8,96E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Material for Energy Recovery (MER) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported electrical energy (EEE) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported thermal energy (EET) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

				ENV	'IRONMENT	AL IMPAC	TS 6-1	2-4-12	2-4							
		Product stage	Construct process st				Use s	tage					ery,			
	Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
( **)	Climate Change [kg CO2 eq.]	5,72E+01	8,73E-01	0	0	9,50E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,73E-02	0	5,01E-01	0
(**)	Climate Change (fossil) [kg CO2 eq.]	5,63E+01	8,67E-01	0	0	8,08E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,67E-02	0	5,42E-01	0
<b>(5)</b>	Climate Change (biogenic) [kg CO2 eq.]	8,52E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>(39</b> )	Climate Change (land use change) [kg CO2 eq.]	3,33E-02	7,10E-03	0	0	7,28E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,10E-04	0	1,56E-03	0
<b>3</b>	Ozone depletion [kg CFC-11 eq.]	5,10E-07	1,05E-16	0	0	4,39E-09	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,05E-17	0	2,01E-15	0
3	Acidification terrestrial and freshwater [Mole of H+ eq.]	2,81E-01	3,72E-03	0	0	4,99E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,72E-04	0	3,89E-03	0
A.	Eutrophication freshwater [kg P eq.]	1,31E-04	2,67E-06	0	0	3,23E-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,67E-07	0	9,32E-07	0
	Eutrophication marine [kg N eq.]	6,39E-02	1,75E-03	0	0	5,33E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,75E-04	0	1,00E-03	0
	Eutrophication terrestrial [Mole of N eq.]	7,80E-01	1,94E-02	0	0	1,38E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,94E-03	0	1,10E-02	0
	Photochemical ozone formation - human health [kg NMVOC eq.]	1,70E-01	4,70E-03	0	0	3,22E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,70E-04	0	3,03E-03	0
	Resource use, mineral and metals [kg Sb eq.]	8,73E-05	6,29E-08	0	0	2,55E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,29E-09	0	4,87E-08	0
	Resource use, energy carriers [MJ]	7,96E+02	1,17E+01	0	0	1,38E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,17E+00	0	7,12E+00	0
	Water scarcity [m³ world equiv.]	6,63E+00	7,84E-03	0	0	3,27E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,84E-04	0	5,69E-02	0

					RE	SOURCE USE	6-12	4-12-4								
		Product stage	Construction stage					Use stage					End-of-l	ife stage		ary,
	Parameters	A1 / A2 / A3	A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
*	Use of renewable primary energy (PERE) [MJ]	1,13E+02	6,56E-01	0	0	7,69E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,56E-02	0	9,32E-01	0
*	Primary energy resources used as raw materials (PERM) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	otal use of renewable primary nergy resources (PERT) [MJ]	1,13E+02	6,56E-01	0	0	7,69E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,56E-02	0	9,32E-01	0
	Use of non-renewable primary energy (PENRE) [MJ]	7,84E+02	1,17E+01	0	0	1,38E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,17E+00	0	7,12E+00	0
O	Non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PENRM) [MJ]	1,23E+01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT) [MJ]	7,96E+02	1,17E+01	0	0	1,48E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,17E+00	0	7,12E+00	0
<b>3</b>	Input of secondary material (SM) [kg]	4,37E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>%</b>	Use of renewable secondary fuels (RSF) [MJ]	5,93E-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>%</b>	Use of non-renewable secondary fuels (NRSF) [MJ]	6,97E-10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	Use of net fresh water (FW) [m3]	2,41E-01	7,60E-04	0	0	7,61E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,60E-05	0	1,79E-03	0

					WA	STE CATE	GORIES	6-12-4-1	2-4							
		Product stage	Construction process s					Use stage					ery,			
Parameters			A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
	Hazardous waste disposed (HWD) [kg]	1,45E-06	5,44E-07	0	0	7,69E-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,44E-08	0	1,09E-07	0
V	Non-hazardous waste disposed (NHWD) [kg]	2,32E+00	1,79E-03	0	0	6,47E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,79E-04	0	3,58E+01	0
	Radioactive waste disposed (RWD) [kg]	2,88E-02	1,45E-05	0	0	2,84E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,45E-06	0	8,09E-05	0

				(	OUTPUT	FLOWS 6	-12-4-12-	4							
	Product stage		truction ss stage				Use stage					ery,			
Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
Components for re-use (CRU) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Materials for Recycling (MFR) [kg]	7,40E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Material for Energy Recovery (MER) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported electrical energy (EEE) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported thermal energy (EET) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

				ENV	IRONMENT	AL IMPACT	S 6t-1	4-6-14	4-6t							
		Product stage	Construct process st				Use s	tage						ery,		
	Parameters	A1 / A2 / A3	A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recyding
(4)	Climate Change [kg CO2 eq.]	7,79E+01	1,12E+00	0	0	9,50E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,12E-01	0	6,43E-01	0
(**)	Climate Change (fossil) [kg CO2 eq.]	7,63E+01	1,11E+00	0	0	8,08E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,11E-01	0	6,96E-01	0
(**)	Climate Change (biogenic) [kg CO2 eq.]	1,52E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(**)	Climate Change (land use change) [kg CO2 eq.]	6,75E-02	9,11E-03	0	0	7,28E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	9,11E-04	0	2,00E-03	0
<b>3</b>	Ozone depletion [kg CFC-11 eq.]	5,14E-07	1,35E-16	0	0	4,39E-09	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,35E-17	0	2,58E-15	0
3	Acidification terrestrial and freshwater [Mole of H+ eq.]	3,66E-01	4,77E-03	0	0	4,99E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,77E-04	0	4,99E-03	0
ALC:	Eutrophication freshwater [kg P eq.]	2,04E-04	3,42E-06	0	0	3,23E-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,42E-07	0	1,19E-06	0
	Eutrophication marine [kg N eq.]	8,59E-02	2,24E-03	0	0	5,33E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,24E-04	0	1,28E-03	0
	Eutrophication terrestrial [Mole of N eq.]	1,04E+00	2,49E-02	0	0	1,38E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,49E-03	0	1,41E-02	0
**	Photochemical ozone formation - human health [kg NMVOC eq.]	2,27E-01	6,02E-03	0	0	3,22E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,02E-04	0	3,89E-03	0
	Resource use, mineral and metals [kg Sb eq.]	9,38E-05	8,06E-08	0	0	2,55E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,06E-09	0	6,25E-08	0
	Resource use, energy carriers [MJ]	1,14E+03	1,50E+01	0	0	1,38E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,50E+00	0	9,13E+00	0
	Water scarcity [m³ world equiv.]	1,21E+01	1,01E-02	0	0	3,27E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,01E-03	0	7,29E-02	0

					RES	SOURCE USE	6t-14	6-14-6t								
		Product stage	Construction stage					Use stage					End-of-l	ife stage		ary,
	Parameters	A1 / A2 / A3	A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
*	Use of renewable primary energy (PERE) [MJ]	2,96E+02	8,42E-01	0	0	7,69E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,42E-02	0	1,20E+00	0
*	Primary energy resources used as raw materials (PERM) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	otal use of renewable primary nergy resources (PERT) [MJ]	2,96E+02	8,42E-01	0	0	7,69E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,42E-02	0	1,20E+00	0
	Use of non-renewable primary energy (PENRE) [MJ]	1,13E+03	1,50E+01	0	0	1,38E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,50E+00	0	9,13E+00	0
O	Non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PENRM) [MJ]	1,39E+01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT) [MJ]	1,14E+03	1,50E+01	0	0	1,48E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,50E+00	0	9,13E+00	0
<b>3</b>	Input of secondary material (SM) [kg]	5,62E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>%</b>	Use of renewable secondary fuels (RSF) [MJ]	7,63E-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>%</b>	Use of non-renewable secondary fuels (NRSF) [MJ]	8,96E-10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	Use of net fresh water (FW) [m3]	4,34E-01	9,75E-04	0	0	7,61E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	9,75E-05	0	2,30E-03	0

				WA	STE CATEO	ORIES	6t-14-6-1	4-6t							
	Product stage	Construct process st					Use stage					End-of-lif	e stage		эгу,
Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
Hazardous waste disposed (HWD) [kg]	2,47E-06	6,97E-07	0	0	7,69E-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,97E-08	0	1,39E-07	0
Non-hazardous waste disposed (NHWD) [kg]	3,25E+00	2,29E-03	0	0	6,47E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,29E-04	0	4,59E+01	0
Radioactive waste disposed (RWD) [kg]	6,57E-02	1,86E-05	0	0	2,84E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,86E-06	0	1,04E-04	0

				C	OUTPUT F	LOWS 6t	-14-6-14-0	6t							
	Product stage		truction ss stage				Use stage					End-of-l	ife stage		ery,
Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
Components for re-use (CRU) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Materials for Recycling (MFR) [kg]	1,71E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Material for Energy Recovery (MER) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported electrical energy (EEE) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported thermal energy (EET) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

				ENV	IRONMENT	AL IMPAC	ΓS 6t-′	12-4-1	2-4							
		Product stage	Construct process st				Use s	stage					End-of-l	ife stage		ery,
	Parameters	A1 / A2 / A3	A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
( **)	Climate Change [kg CO2 eq.]	6,11E+01	8,73E-01	0	0	9,50E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,73E-02	0	5,01E-01	0
<b>(3)</b>	Climate Change (fossil) [kg CO2 eq.]	6,00E+01	8,67E-01	0	0	8,08E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,67E-02	0	5,42E-01	0
<b>(5)</b>	Climate Change (biogenic) [kg CO2 eq.]	1,07E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(**)	Climate Change (land use change) [kg CO2 eq.]	4,92E-02	7,10E-03	0	0	7,28E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,10E-04	0	1,56E-03	0
<b>3</b>	Ozone depletion [kg CFC-11 eq.]	5,10E-07	1,05E-16	0	0	4,39E-09	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,05E-17	0	2,01E-15	0
<b>4</b>	Acidification terrestrial and freshwater [Mole of H+ eq.]	2,90E-01	3,72E-03	0	0	4,99E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,72E-04	0	3,89E-03	0
	Eutrophication freshwater [kg P eq.]	1,58E-04	2,67E-06	0	0	3,23E-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,67E-07	0	9,32E-07	0
	Eutrophication marine [kg N eq.]	6,71E-02	1,75E-03	0	0	5,33E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,75E-04	0	1,00E-03	0
	Eutrophication terrestrial [Mole of N eq.]	8,14E-01	1,94E-02	0	0	1,38E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,94E-03	0	1,10E-02	0
	Photochemical ozone formation - human health [kg NMVOC eq.]	1,78E-01	4,70E-03	0	0	3,22E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,70E-04	0	3,03E-03	0
	Resource use, mineral and metals [kg Sb eq.]	8,95E-05	6,29E-08	0	0	2,55E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,29E-09	0	4,87E-08	0
	Resource use, energy carriers [MJ]	8,84E+02	1,17E+01	0	0	1,38E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,17E+00	0	7,12E+00	0
	Water scarcity [m³ world equiv.]	8,78E+00	7,84E-03	0	0	3,27E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,84E-04	0	5,69E-02	0

					RE	SOURCE USE	6t-12	-4-12-4								
		Product stage	Construction stage					Use stage					End-of-l	ife stage		ery,
	Parameters	A1 / A2 / A3	A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
*	Use of renewable primary energy (PERE) [MJ]	1,98E+02	6,56E-01	0	0	7,69E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,56E-02	0	9,32E-01	0
*	Primary energy resources used as raw materials (PERM) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	otal use of renewable primary nergy resources (PERT) [MJ]	1,98E+02	6,56E-01	0	0	7,69E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,56E-02	0	9,32E-01	0
	Use of non-renewable primary energy (PENRE) [MJ]	8,71E+02	1,17E+01	0	0	1,38E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,17E+00	0	7,12E+00	0
O	Non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PENRM) [MJ]	1,23E+01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT) [MJ]	8,84E+02	1,17E+01	0	0	1,48E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,17E+00	0	7,12E+00	0
<b>3</b>	Input of secondary material (SM) [kg]	4,37E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>%</b>	Use of renewable secondary fuels (RSF) [MJ]	5,93E-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>%</b>	Use of non-renewable secondary fuels (NRSF) [MJ]	6,97E-10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	Use of net fresh water (FW) [m3]	3,19E-01	7,60E-04	0	0	7,61E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,60E-05	0	1,79E-03	0

					WA	STE CATE	GORIES	6t-12-4-	12-4							
		Product stage	Construction process s					Use stage					End-of-lif	ie stage		эгу,
	Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
	Hazardous waste disposed (HWD) [kg]	1,93E-06	5,44E-07	0	0	7,69E-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,44E-08	0	1,09E-07	0
Ÿ	Non-hazardous waste disposed (NHWD) [kg]	2,55E+00	1,79E-03	0	0	6,47E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,79E-04	0	3,58E+01	0
	Radioactive waste disposed (RWD) [kg]	4,58E-02	1,45E-05	0	0	2,84E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,45E-06	0	8,09E-05	0

				(	DUTPUT F	FLOWS 6	t-12-4-12-	4							
	Product stage		truction ss stage				Use stage					End-of-l	ife stage		ery,
Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
Components for re-use (CRU) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Materials for Recycling (MFR) [kg]	8,88E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Material for Energy Recovery (MER) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported electrical energy (EEE) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported thermal energy (EET) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

				ENVII	RONMENTA	L IMPACTS	S 33.2	-10-4-	10-4							
		Product stage	Construc process s				Use s	tage					End-of-l	fe stage		ery,
	Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
(4)	Climate Change [kg CO2 eq.]	6,31E+01	8,90E-01	0	0	9,50E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,90E-02	0	5,11E-01	0
(**)	Climate Change (fossil) [kg CO2 eq.]	6,22E+01	8,84E-01	0	0	8,08E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,84E-02	0	5,53E-01	0
<b>(5)</b>	Climate Change (biogenic) [kg CO2 eq.]	8,93E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>(3)</b>	Climate Change (land use change) [kg CO2 eq.]	3,77E-02	7,24E-03	0	0	7,28E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,24E-04	0	1,59E-03	0
<b>3</b>	Ozone depletion [kg CFC-11 eq.]	5,09E-07	1,07E-16	0	0	4,39E-09	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,07E-17	0	2,05E-15	0
3	Acidification terrestrial and freshwater [Mole of H+ eq.]	2,88E-01	3,80E-03	0	0	4,99E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,80E-04	0	3,97E-03	0
A.	Eutrophication freshwater [kg P eq.]	1,60E-04	2,72E-06	0	0	3,23E-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,72E-07	0	9,50E-07	0
	Eutrophication marine [kg N eq.]	6,63E-02	1,78E-03	0	0	5,33E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,78E-04	0	1,02E-03	0
	Eutrophication terrestrial [Mole of N eq.]	7,99E-01	1,98E-02	0	0	1,38E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,98E-03	0	1,12E-02	0
	Photochemical ozone formation - human health [kg NMVOC eq.]	1,77E-01	4,79E-03	0	0	3,22E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,79E-04	0	3,09E-03	0
	Resource use, mineral and metals [kg Sb eq.]	8,77E-05	6,41E-08	0	0	2,55E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,41E-09	0	4,97E-08	0
	Resource use, energy carriers [MJ]	9,01E+02	1,19E+0 1	0	0	1,38E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,19E+00	0	7,26E+00	0
	Water scarcity [m³ world equiv.]	7,69E+00	7,99E-03	0	0	3,27E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,99E-04	0	5,80E-02	0

					RES	OURCE USE :	33.2-1	0-4-10-4								
		Product stage	Construction stage					Use stage					End-of-l	ife stage		ery,
	Parameters	A1 / A2 / A3	A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
*	Use of renewable primary energy (PERE) [MJ]	1,29E+02	6,69E-01	0	0	7,69E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,69E-02	0	9,50E-01	0
*	Primary energy resources used as raw materials (PERM) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	otal use of renewable primary nergy resources (PERT) [MJ]	1,29E+02	6,69E-01	0	0	7,69E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,69E-02	0	9,50E-01	0
	Use of non-renewable primary energy (PENRE) [MJ]	8,90E+02	1,19E+01	0	0	1,38E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,19E+00	0	7,26E+00	0
O	Non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PENRM) [MJ]	1,08E+01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT) [MJ]	9,01E+02	1,19E+01	0	0	1,48E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,19E+00	0	7,26E+00	0
<b>3</b>	Input of secondary material (SM) [kg]	4,37E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>%</b>	Use of renewable secondary fuels (RSF) [MJ]	5,93E-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>%</b>	Use of non-renewable secondary fuels (NRSF) [MJ]	6,97E-10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	Use of net fresh water (FW) [m3]	2,69E-01	7,75E-04	0	0	7,61E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,75E-05	0	1,83E-03	0

				WAS	TE CATEG	ORIES	33.2-10-4	-10-4							
	Product stage	Construct process st					Use stage					End-of-lif	e stage		эгу,
Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
Hazardous waste disposed (HWD) [kg]	1,49E-06	5,55E-07	0	0	7,69E-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,55E-08	0	1,11E-07	0
Non-hazardous waste disposed (NHWD) [kg]	2,26E+00	1,82E-03	0	0	6,47E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,82E-04	0	3,65E+01	0
Radioactive waste disposed (RWD) [kg]	3,17E-02	1,48E-05	0	0	2,84E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,48E-06	0	8,25E-05	0

				0	UTPUT FI	_OWS 33.	.2-10-4-10	)-4							
	Product stage		truction ss stage				Use stage					End-of-li	ife stage		ery,
Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
Components for re-use (CRU) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Materials for Recycling (MFR) [kg]	4,45E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Material for Energy Recovery (MER) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported electrical energy (EEE) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported thermal energy (EET) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

			E	ENVIF	RONMENTA	L IMPACTS	S 6t-12	2-4-12-	-44.2							
		Product stage	Construct process st				Use s	tage					End-of-l	ife stage		ery,
	Parameters	A1 / A2 / A3	A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
(3)	Climate Change [kg CO2 eq.]	8,03E+01	1,14E+00	0	0	9,50E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,14E-01	0	6,53E-01	0
(*)	Climate Change (fossil) [kg CO2 eq.]	7,89E+01	1,13E+00	0	0	8,08E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,13E-01	0	7,06E-01	0
(**)	Climate Change (biogenic) [kg CO2 eq.]	1,34E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(*)	Climate Change (land use change) [kg CO2 eq.]	5,92E-02	9,25E-03	0	0	7,28E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	9,25E-04	0	2,03E-03	0
<b>3</b>	Ozone depletion [kg CFC-11 eq.]	5,13E-07	1,37E-16	0	0	4,39E-09	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,37E-17	0	2,62E-15	0
<b>45</b>	Acidification terrestrial and freshwater [Mole of H+ eq.]	3,66E-01	4,85E-03	0	0	4,99E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,85E-04	0	5,07E-03	0
	Eutrophication freshwater [kg P eq.]	2,07E-04	3,47E-06	0	0	3,23E-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,47E-07	0	1,21E-06	0
	Eutrophication marine [kg N eq.]	8,58E-02	2,27E-03	0	0	5,33E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,27E-04	0	1,30E-03	0
	Eutrophication terrestrial [Mole of N eq.]	1,03E+00	2,53E-02	0	0	1,38E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,53E-03	0	1,43E-02	0
	Photochemical ozone formation - human health [kg NMVOC eq.]	2,28E-01	6,12E-03	0	0	3,22E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,12E-04	0	3,95E-03	0
	Resource use, mineral and metals [kg Sb eq.]	9,20E-05	8,19E-08	0	0	2,55E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,19E-09	0	6,34E-08	0
	Resource use, energy carriers [MJ]	1,17E+03	1,52E+01	0	0	1,38E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,52E+00	0	9,27E+00	0
	Water scarcity [m³ world equiv.]	1,10E+01	1,02E-02	0	0	3,27E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,02E-03	0	7,40E-02	0

					RES	OURCE USE 6	St-12-4	-12-44.2								
		Product stage	Construction stage					Use stage					End-of-l	ife stage		əry,
	Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
*	Use of renewable primary energy (PERE) [MJ]	2,27E+02	8,55E-01	0	0	7,69E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,55E-02	0	1,21E+00	0
*	Primary energy resources used as raw materials (PERM) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	otal use of renewable primary nergy resources (PERT) [MJ]	2,27E+02	8,55E-01	0	0	7,69E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,55E-02	0	1,21E+00	0
	Use of non-renewable primary energy (PENRE) [MJ]	1,16E+03	1,52E+01	0	0	1,38E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,52E+00	0	9,27E+00	0
O	Non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PENRM) [MJ]	1,23E+01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT) [MJ]	1,17E+03	1,52E+01	0	0	1,48E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,52E+00	0	9,27E+00	0
<b>3</b>	Input of secondary material (SM) [kg]	5,62E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>%</b>	Use of renewable secondary fuels (RSF) [MJ]	7,63E-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>%</b>	Use of non-renewable secondary fuels (NRSF) [MJ]	8,96E-10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	Use of net fresh water (FW) [m3]	3,84E-01	9,90E-04	0	0	7,61E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	9,90E-05	0	2,34E-03	0

					WAS	TE CATEG	ORIES (	6t-12-4-12	2-44.2							
		Product stage	Construction process s					Use stage					End-of-lif	ie stage		эгу,
	Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recyding
	Hazardous waste disposed (HWD) [kg]	2,28E-06	7,08E-07	0	0	7,69E-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,08E-08	0	1,41E-07	0
V	Non-hazardous waste disposed (NHWD) [kg]	2,96E+00	2,33E-03	0	0	6,47E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,33E-04	0	4,66E+01	0
	Radioactive waste disposed (RWD) [kg]	5,16E-02	1,88E-05	0	0	2,84E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,88E-06	0	1,05E-04	0

				Ol	JTPUT FL	_OWS 6t-	12-4-12-4	4.2							
	Product stage		truction ss stage				Use stage					End-of-li	fe stage		ery,
Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
Components for re-use (CRU) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Materials for Recycling (MFR) [kg]	5,27E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Material for Energy Recovery (MER) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported electrical energy (EEE) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported thermal energy (EET) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

				ENVIF	RONMENTA	L IMPACTS	S 66.2	-12-4-	12-4							
		Product stage	Construct process st				Use s	stage					End-of-l	ife stage		өгу,
	Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
(3)	Climate Change [kg CO2 eq.]	8,30E+01	1,26E+00	0	0	9,50E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,26E-01	0	7,23E-01	0
<b>(3)</b>	Climate Change (fossil) [kg CO2 eq.]	8,17E+01	1,25E+00	0	0	8,08E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,25E-01	0	7,82E-01	0
<b>(3)</b>	Climate Change (biogenic) [kg CO2 eq.]	1,22E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>(3)</b>	Climate Change (land use change) [kg CO2 eq.]	4,91E-02	1,02E-02	0	0	7,28E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,02E-03	0	2,25E-03	0
<b>3</b>	Ozone depletion [kg CFC-11 eq.]	5,15E-07	1,52E-16	0	0	4,39E-09	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,52E-17	0	2,90E-15	0
<b>4</b>	Acidification terrestrial and freshwater [Mole of H+ eq.]	3,92E-01	5,37E-03	0	0	4,99E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,37E-04	0	5,61E-03	0
	Eutrophication freshwater [kg P eq.]	1,86E-04	3,84E-06	0	0	3,23E-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,84E-07	0	1,34E-06	0
	Eutrophication marine [kg N eq.]	9,13E-02	2,52E-03	0	0	5,33E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,52E-04	0	1,44E-03	0
	Eutrophication terrestrial [Mole of N eq.]	1,11E+00	2,80E-02	0	0	1,38E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,80E-03	0	1,59E-02	0
	Photochemical ozone formation - human health [kg NMVOC eq.]	2,42E-01	6,77E-03	0	0	3,22E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,77E-04	0	4,37E-03	0
	Resource use, mineral and metals [kg Sb eq.]	9,04E-05	9,07E-08	0	0	2,55E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	9,07E-09	0	7,02E-08	0
	Resource use, energy carriers [MJ]	1,17E+03	1,68E+01	0	0	1,38E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,68E+00	0	1,03E+01	0
	Water scarcity [m³ world equiv.]	9,37E+00	1,13E-02	0	0	3,27E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,13E-03	0	8,20E-02	0

					RES	OURCE USE (	66.2-1	2-4-12-4								
		Product stage	Construction stage					Use stage					End-of-l	ife stage		ıry,
	Parameters	A1 / A2 / A3	A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
*	Use of renewable primary energy (PERE) [MJ]	1,48E+02	9,46E-01	0	0	7,69E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	9,46E-02	0	1,34E+00	0
*	Primary energy resources used as raw materials (PERM) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	otal use of renewable primary nergy resources (PERT) [MJ]	1,48E+02	9,46E-01	0	0	7,69E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	9,46E-02	0	1,34E+00	0
	Use of non-renewable primary energy (PENRE) [MJ]	1,16E+03	1,69E+01	0	0	1,38E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,69E+00	0	1,03E+01	0
O	Non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PENRM) [MJ]	1,23E+01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT) [MJ]	1,17E+03	1,69E+01	0	0	1,48E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,69E+00	0	1,03E+01	0
<b>**</b>	Input of secondary material (SM) [kg]	6,24E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Use of renewable secondary fuels (RSF) [MJ]	8,48E-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Use of non-renewable secondary fuels (NRSF) [MJ]	9,96E-10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	Use of net fresh water (FW) [m3]	3,21E-01	1,10E-03	0	0	7,61E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,10E-04	0	2,59E-03	0

				WAS	TE CATEG	ORIES	66.2-12-4	-12-4							
	Product stage	Construc process s					Use stage					End-of-lif	ie stage		эгу,
Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recyding
Hazardous waste disposed (HWD) [kg]	2,19E-06	7,84E-07	0	0	7,69E-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,84E-08	0	1,57E-07	0
Non-hazardous waste disposed (NHWD) [kg]	2,90E+00	2,58E-03	0	0	6,47E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,58E-04	0	5,16E+01	0
Radioactive waste disposed (RWD) [kg]	3,57E-02	2,09E-05	0	0	2,84E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,09E-06	0	1,17E-04	0

				0	UTPUT FI	_OWS 66	.2-12-4-12	2-4							
	Product stage		truction ss stage				Use stage					End-of-li	fe stage		ery,
Parameters	A1/A2/A3	A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
Components for re-use (CRU) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Materials for Recycling (MFR) [kg]	4,46E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Material for Energy Recovery (MER) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported electrical energy (EEE) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported thermal energy (EET) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

			E	NVIR	RONMENTA	L IMPACTS	6t6t.4	4-12-4·	-12-4							
		Product stage	Construct process st				Use s	tage					End-of-l	ife stage		ery,
	Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
( **)	Climate Change [kg CO2 eq.]	9,61E+01	1,28E+00	0	0	9,50E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,28E-01	0	7,34E-01	0
(**)	Climate Change (fossil) [kg CO2 eq.]	9,43E+01	1,27E+00	0	0	8,08E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,27E-01	0	7,95E-01	0
<b>(5)</b>	Climate Change (biogenic) [kg CO2 eq.]	1,69E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>(3)</b>	Climate Change (land use change) [kg CO2 eq.]	7,87E-02	1,04E-02	0	0	7,28E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,04E-03	0	2,29E-03	0
<b>3</b>	Ozone depletion [kg CFC-11 eq.]	5,15E-07	1,54E-16	0	0	4,39E-09	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,54E-17	0	2,94E-15	0
<b>4</b>	Acidification terrestrial and freshwater [Mole of H+ eq.]	4,14E-01	5,45E-03	0	0	4,99E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,45E-04	0	5,70E-03	0
A.	Eutrophication freshwater [kg P eq.]	2,53E-04	3,90E-06	0	0	3,23E-05	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,90E-07	0	1,36E-06	0
	Eutrophication marine [kg N eq.]	9,82E-02	2,56E-03	0	0	5,33E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,56E-04	0	1,47E-03	0
	Eutrophication terrestrial [Mole of N eq.]	1,18E+00	2,84E-02	0	0	1,38E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,84E-03	0	1,61E-02	0
	Photochemical ozone formation - human health [kg NMVOC eq.]	2,63E-01	6,88E-03	0	0	3,22E-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,88E-04	0	4,44E-03	0
	Resource use, mineral and metals [kg Sb eq.]	9,58E-05	9,21E-08	0	0	2,55E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	9,21E-09	0	7,14E-08	0
	Resource use, energy carriers [MJ]	1,43E+03	1,71E+01	0	0	1,38E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,71E+00	0	1,04E+01	0
	Water scarcity [m³ world equiv.]	1,44E+01	1,15E-02	0	0	3,27E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,15E-03	0	8,33E-02	0

					RESC	OURCE USE 6	it6t.4-1	2-4-12-4								
		Product stage	Construction stage					Use stage					End-of-l	ife stage		ary,
	Parameters	A1 / A2 / A3	A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
*	Use of renewable primary energy (PERE) [MJ]	3,27E+02	9,61E-01	0	0	7,69E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	9,61E-02	0	1,37E+00	0
*	Primary energy resources used as raw materials (PERM) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	otal use of renewable primary nergy resources (PERT) [MJ]	3,27E+02	9,61E-01	0	0	7,69E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	9,61E-02	0	1,37E+00	0
	Use of non-renewable primary energy (PENRE) [MJ]	1,42E+03	1,71E+01	0	0	1,38E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,71E+00	0	1,04E+01	0
O	Non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials (PENRM) [MJ]	1,23E+01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT) [MJ]	1,44E+03	1,71E+01	0	0	1,48E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,71E+00	0	1,04E+01	0
<b>3</b>	Input of secondary material (SM) [kg]	6,24E+00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>%</b>	Use of renewable secondary fuels (RSF) [MJ]	8,48E-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>%</b>	Use of non-renewable secondary fuels (NRSF) [MJ]	9,96E-10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	Use of net fresh water (FW) [m3]	5,00E-01	1,11E-03	0	0	7,61E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,11E-04	0	2,63E-03	0

					WAS	TE CATEG	ORIES 6	St6t.4-12-4	1-12-4							
		Product stage	Construc process s					Use stage					End-of-lif	ie stage		эгу,
	Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recyding
	Hazardous waste disposed (HWD) [kg]	2,71E-06	7,97E-07	0	0	7,69E-11	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,97E-08	0	1,59E-07	0
Ÿ	Non-hazardous waste disposed (NHWD) [kg]	3,40E+00	2,62E-03	0	0	6,47E-03	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,62E-04	0	5,24E+01	0
	Radioactive waste disposed (RWD) [kg]	7,20E-02	2,12E-05	0	0	2,84E-06	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,12E-06	0	1,18E-04	0

				Ol	JTPUT FL	OWS 6t6	t.4-12-4-1	2-4							
	Product stage		truction ss stage				Use stage					End-of-l	ife stage		əry,
Parameters		A4 Transport	A5 Installation	B1 Use	B2 Maintenance	B3 Repair	B4 Replacement	B5 Refurbishment	B6 Operational energy use	B7 Operational water use	C1 Deconstruction / demolition	C2 Transport	C3 Waste processing	C4 Disposal	D Reuse, recovery, recycling
Components for re-use (CRU) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Materials for Recycling (MFR) [kg]	6,09E-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Material for Energy Recovery (MER) [kg]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported electrical energy (EEE) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported thermal energy (EET) [MJ]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

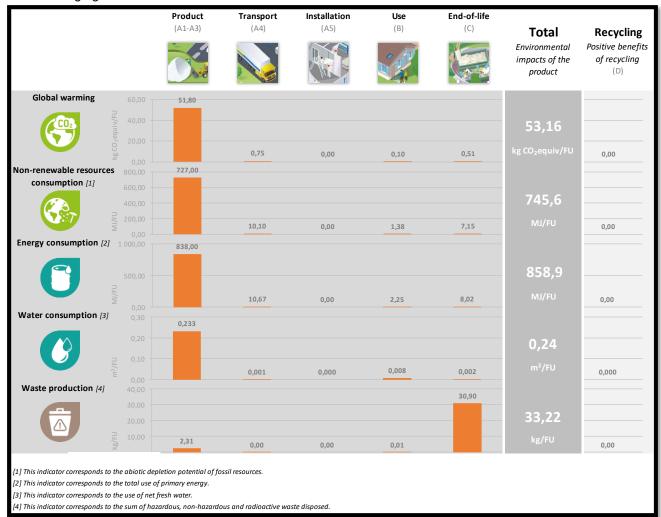
## Information on biogenic carbon content

Results per fund	tional or declared u	ınit
BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT	Unit	QUANTITY
Biogenic carbon content in product	kg C	0
Biogenic carbon content in packaging	kg C	0

Note: 1 kg biogenic carbon is equivalent to 44/12 kg CO<sub>2</sub>.

There is no biogenic carbon in glass product. Every thickness considered in this EPD have the same value to biogenic carbon 0 kg C. Moreover, there is no packaging considered for glass products.

# LCA results interpretation for double glazing glass CLIMATOP® 4-14-4-14-4



The following figure refers to a functional unit 1 m<sup>2</sup> of CLIMATOP 4-14-4-14-4.

### Global Warming Potential (Climate Change) (GWP)

When analyzing the above figure for GWP, it can clearly be seen that the majority of contribution to this environmental impact is from the production modules (A1 - A3). This is primarily because the sources of greenhouse gas emissions are predominant in this part of the life cycle. CO2 is generated upstream from the production of electricity and is also released on site by the combustion of natural gas. Production of one of raw material will generate the second highest percentage of greenhouse gas emissions. We can see that other sections of the life cycle also contribute to the GWP; however, the production modules contribute to over 90% of the contribution.

## Non-renewable resources consumptions

We can see that the consumption of non – renewable resources is once more found to have the highest value in the production modules. This is because a large quantity of natural gas is consumed within the factory. The contribution to this impact from the other modules is very small and primarily due to the non – renewable resources consumed during transportation.

#### **Energy Consumptions**

As we can see, modules A1 – A3 have the highest contribution to total energy consumption. Energy in the form of electricity and natural gas is consumed in a vast quantity during the manufacture of mineral wool so we would expect the production modules to contribute the most to this impact category.

#### **Water Consumption**

As we don't use water in any of the other modules (A4 - A5, C1 - C4), we can see that there is no contribution to water consumption. For the production phase, water is used within the manufacturing facility and therefore we see the highest contribution here. However, we recycle a lot of the water on site so the contribution is still relatively low. We also used water during the use phase to cleaning the product.

#### **Waste Production**

Waste production does not follow the same trend as the above environmental impacts. The largest contributor is the end of life module. This is because 100% of the product is sent to landfill. However, there is still an impact associated with the production module since we do generate waste on site.

## Health characteristics

Concerning the indoor air quality, clear flat glass is an inert material that doesn't release any inorganic & organic compounds, in particular no VOC (volatile organic compounds).

The sealant is made of organic materials which have been tested regarding their VOC emissions (following ISO 16000 standard): Eurofins report G07104, G08363 and G07102. All sealants have an emission class A+.

If the glass is laminated, a PVB layer is included in the glazing. The VOC emissions test (following ISO 16000 standard) rank the PVB A+ (highest rank) following the French regulation (Eurofins report G10504).

## Additional Environmental Information

## Saint-Gobain's environmental policy

Saint-Gobain's environmental vision is to ensure the sustainable development of its Activities, while preserving the environment from the impacts of its processes and services throughout their life cycle. The Group thus seeks to ensure the preservation of resources, meet the expectations of its relevant stakeholders, and offer its customers the highest added value with the lowest environmental impact.

The Group has set two long-term objectives: zero environmental accidents and a minimum impact of its activities on the environment. Short and medium-term goals are set to address these two ambitions. They concern five environmental areas identified by the Group: raw materials and waste; energy, atmospheric emissions and climate; water; biodiversity; and environmental accidents and nuisance.

## Our products' contribution to Sustainable Buildings

Saint-Gobain encourages sustainable construction and develops innovative solutions for new and renovated buildings that are energy efficient, comfortable, healthy and esthetically superior, while at the same time protecting natural resources.

The following information might be of help for green building certification programs:

#### **RECYCLED CONTENT**

(Required for LEED v4 Building product disclosure and optimization - sourcing of raw materials)

Recycled content: proportion, by mass, of recycled material in a product or packaging. Only pre-consumer and post-consumer materials shall be considered as recycled content.

Post-consumer material: material generated by households or commercial, industrial and institutional facilities in their role as end-users of the product which can no longer be used for its intended purpose. In practice, in the case of flat glass, all material coming from glass recycling collection schemes falls under this category, i.e. glass waste from end-of-life vehicles, construction and demolition waste, etc.

Pre-consumer material: material diverted from the waste stream during a manufacturing process. Excluded is reutilization of materials such as rework, regrind, or scrap generated in a process and capable of being reclaimed within the same process that generated it.

In the case of flat glass, this waste originates from the processing or re-processing of glass that takes place before the final product reaches the consumer market. Pre-consumer waste flat glass is made of cut-offs, losses during laminating, bending and other processing, including the manufacture of insulating glass units or automotive windscreens.

Cullet generated in the furnace plant and which is reintroduced into the furnace cannot be considered as preconsumer recycled content, since there was never an intent to discard it and therefore it would never have entered the solid waste stream.

Pre-consumer cullet	~13%
Post-consumer cullet	< 1%

In the future, Saint-Gobain Glass intends to continue the increase of recycled material in its products, especially when recycling building post-consumer cullet glass dismantling and recycling networks will be available in every country.

### **RESPONSIBLE SOURCING**

(Required for BREEAM International new construction 2013 – MAT 03 Responsible sourcing)

All Saint-Gobain Glass Industry sites with a glassmaking furnace, are ISO 14001 certified. The Saint-Gobain Glass Industry site from the UK (Eggborough) has a BES 6001 certification, with a Very Good score.

All internal Saint-Gobain Glass quarries are certified ISO 14001 like, for example, SAINT-GOBAIN SAMIN (sand) in France. Many Saint-Gobain Glass raw material suppliers are certified ISO 14001. Our policy consists in encouraging the sourcing of raw materials extracted or made in sites certified ISO 14001 (or the equivalent).

For any other question / document / certification, please contact our local sales teams.

## Bibliography

- EN 15804:2012+A1:2013: Sustainability of construction works Environmental product declarations -Core rules for the product category of construction products
- EN 15804:2019+A2 Sustainability of construction works Environmental product declarations Core rules for the product category of construction products
- ISO 21930: 2017 Sustainability in building construction Environmental declaration of building products
- ISO 14040:2006: Environmental Management-Life Cycle Assessment-Principles and framework.
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- PCR 2012:01 Construction products and construction services v 2.33 (EN 15804+ A1:2013) and c-PCR-009 Flat glass products (EN 17074)
- General Program Instruction of the International EPD® System, version 2.5
- Saint-Gobain Environmental Product Declaration Methodological Guide for Construction Products, Version 3.0.1 (2013)
- European Chemical Agency, Candidate List of substances of very high concern for Authorization.
   <a href="http://echa.europa.eu/chem\_data/authorisation\_process/candidate\_list\_table\_en.asp">http://echa.europa.eu/chem\_data/authorisation\_process/candidate\_list\_table\_en.asp</a>
- LCA report, Information for the Environmental Product Declaration of insulation products.

# Differences versus previous versions

Global update from EN 15804+A1 to EN 15804+A2 including all new requirement, environmental impact indicator, with a more recent data collection and based on a full cycle compare to craddle to gate before.