ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

In accordance with ISO 14025 and EN 15804

AquaPlus 25mm PP-R Pipe From INTERPLAST S.A.





Programme: Programme operator: EPD registration number: Publication date: Valid until: Scope of the EPD[®] The International EPD[®] System, <u>www.environdec.com</u> EPD International AB S-P-02120 2020-08-03 2025-08-03 Global



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ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION DETAILS

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PCR Information								
CEN standard EN 15804+A1:2013 serves as the Core Product Category Rules (PCR)								
Product category rules (PCR):PCR 2012:01, Version 2.32 "Construction Products and Construction Services" UN CPC code 3632 "Tubes, pipes and hoses, and fittings therefore, of plastics"								
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supply, heating and sew house construction, tech and market products an	plastic pipes and fittings to the very high rerage systems and covering a broad ran inical projects and industrial facilities. The ind integrated solutions that cover the n by building a relationship of trust betw	est specifications, for use in water nge of applications in the areas of e company aims to design, develop eeds of modern construction and veen the technical world and the	
Product-related or management system- related certifications:	 TUV Germany for the Quality Managem EVETAM Greece for the physical and me PP-H, PVC and PP-R. It involves sizing of degree of networking for PEX pipes, mid- impact tests, testing under pressure at v- linear expansion. SKZ Germany for physical and mechanic PE-RT, PB, PP- H and PP-R. Moreover, se- certificate. It involves sizing of pipes and networking for PEX pipes, microscopic h- testing under pressure at various temper expansion. SKZ Germany for physical and mechanica suitability for drinking water. GOST Russia for physical and mechanica with aluminum and brass fittings, and fe- SEPRO Ukraine the physical and mechanica aluminum, as for the suitability for drintical aluminum, as for the suitability for	echanical properties of pipes PE-X, pipes and fittings, measuring the croscopic homogenisation check, various temperatures and checking cal properties of pipes PE-X, PE-MDX, ewer pipes PP-H feature fireproofing d fittings, measuring the degree of homogenisation check, impact tests, eratures and checking linear cal properties of PP-R accessories. cal properties of PP-R accessories. cal properties of PEX pipes and PPR. I properties of pipes PE-X, as for the al properties of pipes PE-X, as for the consultability for drinking water nical properties of pipes PE-X, PP-R, mponents. properties of pipes PE-X, PP-R, PP-R, mponents. properties of pipes PE-X, PP-R, PP-R, king water. ability of Como-Pex pipes and Como-	

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PRODUCT INFORMATION

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Product Name and Description



The INTERPLAST product declared in this EPD is the AquaPlus PP-R pipe, 25mm outer diameter, which is utilized for hot and cold potable water.

The structure of the material and the smooth texture of the surface ensure low friction losses resulting in low resistance and low pressure drop in the piping. The material used presents a greatly reduced noise factor and restricted transmission of noise through the pipes. Thus, plastic pipes of smaller cross-section can be used for the same quantity of water.

Advantages of AquaPlus pipe

- Pipes and fittings display high resistance to hydraulic shock (at pressures greater than 130 bar at ambient temperature).
- Lifespan of more than 50 years for temperatures of 20-90°C and operating pressure 6-26 bar.
- Peak temperatures of 110°C at 4 bar operating pressure do not affect the Aqua-plus system.
- Exceptional resistance to corrosion. Very good performance even in areas with very hard water.
- Low thermal conductivity makes it possible to reduce heat loss in the hot water networks.

Certifications: SKZ Germany, WRAS Great Britain, MIRTEC EBETAM **Tests:** MIRTEC EBETAM, WRAS NSF, General Chemical State Laboratory





More explanatory material and technical information can be found in INTERPLAST's website (https://www.interplast.gr/en)

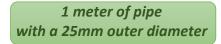
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LCA INFORMATION

This EPD outlines the various environmental aspects which accompany the Polypropylene – Random copolymer (PP-R) pipe of INTERPLAST for hot and cold water, from the primary extraction of raw materials up to the manufacturing and packaging of the final product. Due to the scope of the LCA (cradle- to-gate), reference service life is not applicable in the study. However, the minimum guaranteed service life of the pipe is 50 years. Depending on the application, these products can be part of a building or installation without needing any kind of maintenance or replacement.

Declared Unit

With a cradle-to-gate system boundary, a declared unit is considered. According to the PCR, the required declared unit is one piece of pipe with a defined diameter and length. The declared unit being evaluated, in accordance to the guiding PCR is:



The reference flow of the declared unit is 0.226kg of the pipe (no fittings included). Please note that EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if they do not comply with the CEN TC 350 (EN15804 and EN15942) standards.



Database and LCA software used

The LCA model was created using the **SimaPro 9.1** Software system for life cycle engineering, developed by PRé Sustainability. The **EcoInvent** database (v3.6) provides the life cycle inventory data for all the raw and process materials obtained from the background system. This LCA database was compiled in December 2019, while the date of all background data used lies between 2013 and 2019.

System Boundaries

Boundary for the LCA has been set accordingly to the PCR requirements, in a **cradle-to-gate** approach, thus only Modules A1-A3 have been considered. According to the EN 15804+A1:2013 standard on the sustainability of construction works, these modules are: Raw Material Production, inbound Transport, and Manufacturing, which are categorized as A1, A2, and A3, respectively. Transport to the construction site and impacts from installation, use, and end-of-life are excluded due to lack of available data and wide variation in these phases globally. Thus, life cycle modules A4 and after are excluded from the study. The product does not contain materials or substances that can adversely affect human health and the environment in all stages of the life cycle.

	duct st	age		truction ss stage	Use stage End of life stage				Resource recovery stage							
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery- Recycling-potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Х	Х	Х	М	NA*		MNA							MN	A		MNA

(*) MNA: Module(s) Not Assessed

A1. Raw materials Production

This first module includes the extraction and production of all raw matters required for the manufacturing process, as well as the energy consumption involved on those stages upstream the manufacturing process. Specifically, it includes the production of the polypropylene granulate, main raw matter used in the production of the pipes, as well as other additives used in small quantities.

A2. Transport

Transport of raw materials to INTERPLAST's production site has been modelled under this module, taking into account the location of the suppliers and average transportation units from EcoInvent database. Transportation for raw and packaging materials takes place by road and ship.

A3. Manufacturing

This module includes the manufacturing of the pipes. It includes all stages of pipe manufacturing; compound production, pipe extrusion and packaging for further shipping to customers. Electricity and auxiliary materials involved in the manufacturing stage are also included.

Time & Geographical coverage and Data Quality

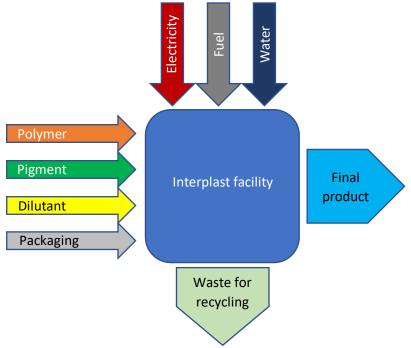
Annual data from 2020 were collected for the pipe manufacturing facilities in Komotini, Greece, and used in LCA calculation. Background data (mainly raw materials, chemicals and fuels) were obtained from the SimaPro database, while the electricity data were collected by the Hellenic Electricity Distribution Network Operator (IPTO or ADMIE) for 2020.

The data represent the technology used at the pipe manufacturing plant. The INTERPLAST data used, refers to the production line of the specific product, thus there is no need for multioutput allocation estimations. In this study, site-specific data representative of the technology used in Greece in the reference year 2020 were collected and analysed. In cases when no primary data were available, either estimations provided by the company or calculated data were used.

Cut-off criteria

All available energy and material flow data have been included in the LCA model which supports this EPD. An exception to that was necessary in the case of the UV-stabilizers included in the pigment used. Since the mass contribution of the UV-stabilizers was minimal (0.3%) and no proxy dataset could be determined, it was decided not to include this material in the study. Another aspect not considered were the emissions related to transporting the waste PP to the recycling facility.





Content Declaration

The INTERPLAST PP-R pipe is exclusively comprised of polypropylene random copolymer (PP-R). No other polymers, accessory metals, additives, or reinforcements are included in this specific product. No hazardous substances or listed under ECHA's SVHC list (Substances of Very High Concern) are included in the formulation of the product. The table below shows the material composition by mass percentage of the product.

Material	25mm PP-R Pipe (1m)
Polypropylene (Virgin PP-R Granules)	100% (0.226kg)

At the INTERPLAST facility, raw material is extruded for the pipe and then packaged for the shipment to the customer. Following table shows the total materials inputs required to meet the declared unit of 1m of 25mm pipe. Plastic scrap was assumed to be sold to external recyclers. Recycling has been considered by system expansion to model the displacement of primary plastic production.

Туре	Flow	Value	Unit
Inputs	Pigments (Chrome green)	0.0046	kg
	Dilutants (Ethyl Acetate)	0.00001	kg
	Packaging (Plastic Film)	0.005	kg
	PP-R Granules	0.236	kg
Outputs	Final Product (Pipe + Packaging)	0.231	kg
	Plastic Scrap for recycling	0.01	kg

Unit process of PP-R pipe (1m length and 25mm pipe diameter)

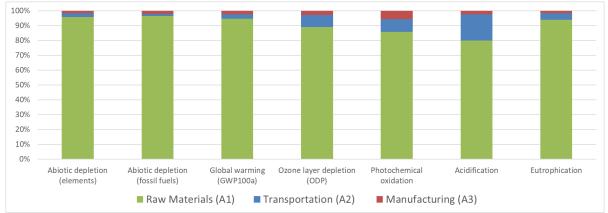
ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE

The environmental performance of the INTERPLAST PP-R AquaPlus Pipe will be examined for each one of the three modules mentioned before and the impact assessment categories, which are shown in the following table. The selection of impact categories conforms with the relevant PCR specifications. As also dictated by the PCR, the corresponding characterization factors used refer to the latest version of the impact assessment method adopted by EN15804+A1:2013, which is the CML-IA baseline version 3.06 (December 2019).

Impact Category	Description	EN15804+A1:2013
Global Warming (GWP100)	A measure of greenhouse gas emissions, such as CO2 and methane.	kg CO2 equivalent
Eutrophication	Eutrophication covers all potential impacts of excessively high levels of macronutrients, the most important of which nitrogen (N) and phosphorus (P).	kg (PO₄) ⁻³ equivalent
Acidification for soil and water	A measure of emissions that cause acidifying effects to the environment.	kg SO₂ equivalent
Photochemical Ozone Creation	A measure of emissions of precursors that contribute to ground level smog formation (mainly ozone O3).	kg C₂H₄ equivalent
Ozone Depletion	A measure of air emissions that contribute to the depletion of the stratospheric ozone layer.	kg CFC-11 equivalent
Depletion of abiotic resources – elements	A measure of the depletion of nonliving (abiotic) resources such as minerals and metals	kg Sb equivalent
Depletion of abiotic resources – fossil fuels	A measure of the depletion of nonliving (abiotic) resources such as fossil fuels	MJ

LCA Results

The overall cradle-to-gate results are presented broadly into three categories: Raw Material, Transport, and Manufacturing. For overall results using the EN 15804+A1:2013 life cycle modules as required by the guiding PCR, refer to the declared results in the EPD. The impacts shown and discussed in this report are for analytical purposes only.



Impact contribution of life cycle stages of construction products according to EN 15804+A1:2013 standard

Туре	Unit	Total	Raw Material (A1)	Transport (A2)	Manufacturing (A3)
Global Warming (GWP ₁₀₀)	kg CO₂ eq	0.664	0.628	0.0201	0.0157
Eutrophication	kg (PO ₄) ⁻³ eq	1.22E-03	1.14E-03	5.27E-05	2.14E-05
Acidification for soil and water	kg SO₂ eq	2.62E-03	2.10E-03	4.59E-04	6.42E-05
Photochemical Ozone Creation	kg C ₂ H ₄ eq	1.42E-04	1.22E-04	1.21E-05	8.03E-06
Ozone Depletion	kg CFC-11 eq	3.99E-08	3.55E-08	3.29E-09	1.13E-09
Depletion of abiotic resources – elements	kg Sb eq	9.81E-06	9.40E-06	2.44E-07	1.73E-07
Depletion of abiotic resources – fossil fuels	MJ	18.8	18.2	0.263	0.407

Impact Assessment results of INTERPLAST PP-R Pipe (in kg per declared unit of 1m of pipe)

The absolute equivalent values of impacts are summarized in Table below.

Parameter		Unit	Total	Raw Material (A1)	Transport (A2)	Manufacturing (A3)
Primary energy resources	Use as energy carrier	MJ, net calorific value	0.724	0.702	0.00227	0.0200
– Renewable	Used as raw materials	MJ, net calorific value	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	MJ, net calorific value	0.724	0.702	0.0022	0.0200
Primary energy resources	Use as energy carrier	MJ, net calorific value	21.4	20.7	0.282	0.471
– Non- renewable	Used as raw materials	MJ, net calorific value	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	MJ, net calorific value	21.4	20.7	0.282	0.471
Secondary m	naterial	kg	0	0	0	0
Renewable s fuels	secondary	MJ, net calorific value	0	0	0	0
Non-renewa secondary fu		MJ, net calorific value	0	0	0	0
Net use of fr	esh water	m³	0.00502	0.00215	2.63E-05	0.00284
				I		
Hazardous waste disposed		kg	0	0	0	0
Non hazardous waste disposed		kg	0	0	0	0
Radioactive disposed	waste	kg	0	0	0	0
Components	for ro	kg	0	0	0	0

Resource use and waste to disposal parameters of INTERPLAST PP-R Pipe (in kg per declared unit of 1m of pipe)

Components for re use	kg	0	0	0	0
Materials for recycling	kg	0.0100	0	0	0.0100
Materials for energy recovery	kg	0	0	0	0
Exported energy	MJ per energy carrier	0	0	0	0



Interpretation of LCA Results

The manufacturing process was examined showed minimum wastes, while having no fuel requirements for the core process (pipe extrusion). This study identifies the main drivers of impact for Interplast; significant contributors are analyzed at the cradle-to-gate level as well as at the individual material input level. It was found that the impact contribution of raw materials dominates the cradle-to-gate results. Inbound transportation had a notable impact in some cases. The manufacturing stage had only minor contributions. The present EPD will facilitate the identification of key opportunities for improving manufacturing of all Interplast products.

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JRC. (2010). ILCD Handbook: General guide for Life Cycle Assessment – Detailed guidance. EUR 24708 EN (1st ed.). Luxembourg: Joint Research Centre.

IPTO (ADMIE) S.A. (Hellenic Independent Power Transmission Operator S.A.) http://www.admie.gr/en/market-statistics/montlhy-energy-balance/





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